#### STATE OF HAWAII DEPARTMENT OF HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION MEETING/WORKSHOP AGENDA

91-5420 Kapolei Parkway, Oʻahu, Hawaiʻi, Zoom- Meeting ID: 609 754 2925 Friday, June 16, 2023, 10:00 a.m. Livestream available at www.dhhl.hawaii.gov/live

Note: Commission workshop packets will be uploaded to the DHHL website by Tuesday, June13, 2023.

#### I. ORDER OF BUSINESS

- A. Roll Call
- B. Approval of Agenda
- C. Public Testimony on Agendized Items see information below

Public testimony on any item **relevant to this agenda** may be taken at this time, or a testifier may wait to testify at the time the agenda item is called for discussion. Pursuant to section 92-3, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and section 10-2-11(c), Hawaii Administrative Rules, the Chair has the authority to impose reasonable conditions to ensure an orderly and efficient meeting.

# II. WORKSHOP DISCUSSION ON DHHL FY 2023-24 HAWAIIAN HOME LANDS BUDGET

- A. DHHL Sources of Funding: Federal, General Fund, General Obligation Bond, Trust Fund, Special Fund; etc.
- B. Presentation on DHHL Budget Sections to include:
  - Administrative and Operating Expenses Section
    - Loans Section
    - Development Budget Section

#### III. ANNOUNCEMENTS AND ADJOURNMENT

- A. Next Meeting June 26 & 27, 2021, Kapole'i, O'ahu and Zoom
- B. Adjournment

Kali Watson, Chairman Hawaiian Homes Commission

#### COMMISSION MEMBERS

Randy K. Awo, Maui Patricia L. Teruya, Oʻahu Pauline N. Namuʻo, Oʻahu Michael L. Kaleikini, East Hawaiʻi Zachary Z. Helm, Moloka'i Makai Freitas, West Hawai'i Dennis L. Neves, Kaua'i Russell K. Kaupu, O'ahu If you need an auxiliary aid/service or other accommodation due to a disability, contact Michael Lowe at 620-9512, or michael.l.lowe@hawaii.gov, as soon as possible, preferably by June 14, 2023. If a response is received after then, we will try to obtain the auxiliary aid/service or accommodation, but we cannot guarantee that the request will be fulfilled. Upon request, this notice is available in alternate formats.

**Public Testimony on Agendized Items** can be provided either as: (1) in person at the meeting location, by filling out a form at the reception table, (2) written testimony mailed to *Commission Testimony*, *P.O. Box 1879, Honolulu, HI, 96815*, or emailed to *DHHL.icro@hawaii.gov* by June 14, 2023, or (3) live, oral testimony online by joining the Zoom meeting and relabeling your profile to include the agenda item you wish to testify on. Please keep your computer muted and your camera off until you are called. You will need a computer with internet access, video camera and microphone to participate. the Chair of the Commission has the authority to impose reasonable conditions to ensure an orderly and efficient meeting

Disruption of Interactive Teachnology – Please reconnect to the same Zoom link listed on the agenda.

# Hawaiian Homes Commission Budget Workshop

June 16, 2023

# Table of Contents

Overview of the State Budget Process	3
Budget System	3
Budget Timeline	4
Funding Sources	6
Internal Funding Sources	6
External Funding Sources	6
Special Funds	7
Trust Funds	11
Revolving Funds	18
New Home Developments and Repairs & Maintenance	22
Loans	25
Fiscal Biennium 2023-2025 Department Operating Budget	27
Fund Balance Report	30

## Overview of the State Budget Process<sup>1</sup>

The State budgets on a biennium basis with the Executive biennium budget submitted to the Legislature for action on odd numbered years and the Executive supplemental budget submitted on even numbered years. The State's fiscal year runs from July 1st to June 30th. Generally, operating appropriations are effective for a one-year period and any unexpended or unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Generally, capital improvement program appropriations are effective for a three-year period (the fiscal biennium plus an additional year) and any unexpended or unencumbered appropriations.

The Constitution requires that the Governor consider the Council on Revenues' revenue forecasts in preparing the Executive budget and the Legislature consider the Council's forecasts in appropriating funds. If the Governor or Legislature does not use the Council's forecasts, a public statement must be made to that effect along with the reason(s) for not using the forecasts. The Council makes quarterly forecasts that coincide with various phases of the budget preparation and execution process: the September 10th forecast is used by the Executive in preparing the Executive budget; the January 10th forecast is used by the Legislature in planning for appropriations during the legislative session; the March 15th forecast is used by the Executive in budget execution.

#### Budget System

Pursuant to the Executive Budget Act of 1970, the Planning, Programming and Budgeting System (PPBS) of the State was adopted. The purpose of this act is to integrate the planning, programming, and budgeting processes to improve decisions on the allocation of resources. The act established a comprehensive system for State programs and their related costs over a time frame of six years. The operating and capital improvement requirements are evaluated together to insure compatibility and mutual support. Systematic evaluations and analyses are conducted to ascertain the attainment of program objectives and alternative means or methods of improving current State services. The act provides that the Director of Finance and the Governor may modify or withhold planned expenditures if such expenditures would be in excess of authorized levels of service or in the event that State receipts and surpluses would be insufficient to meet authorized expenditure levels.

A biennial budget is submitted to the Legislature in odd numbered years and the supplemental budget is submitted in even numbered years. Under the PPBS, operating and capital improvement requirements are evaluated together over a time frame of six years. The other major budgets of State entities, which are submitted independently to the Legislature, include the Judiciary, Legislature and Office of Hawaiian Affairs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Taken in part from https://budget.hawaii.gov/budget

Attachment 1 is the Department's Fiscal Biennium (FB) 2023-2025 Multiyear Program and Financial Plan (PFP).

### Budget Timeline

The following is a general timetable for preparation and execution of the State's Executive Branch budget. Please note that departments usually begin their budget planning well in advance of issuance of the release of budget preparation policies.

<u>Month(s)</u>	Activity Undertaken
April:	Program structure update for upcoming biennium issued by DB&F (even numbered years)
Mid June:	Program structure updates due from departments (even numbered years)
Late Aug-early Sep:	Budget preparation instructions issued by DB&F
Sep 10 <sup>th</sup> :	Deadline for Council on Revenues quarterly general fund revenue forecast
Early-mid Oct:	Departments submit budget requests to DB&F for review
Early-mid Nov:	DB&F transmits initial budget recommendations to departments & conducts budget appeals
Late Nov:	DB&F transmits revised budget recommendations to departments; departments may appeal DB&F recommendations to Governor
Early-mid Dec:	Executive budget decisions are finalized & transmitted to departments
Mid Dec:	Executive budget documents are prepared
30 days to start of session:	Executive Biennium Budget (odd numbered years) or Executive Supplemental Budget (even numbered years) & Variance Report submitted to Legislature
Beginning of Jan:	Legislative money committees start conducting departmental budget hearings
Jan 10 <sup>th</sup> :	Deadline for Council on Revenues quarterly general fund revenue forecast
3 <sup>rd</sup> Wed in Jan:	Start of regular legislative session; Executive budget bill submitted to Legislature
1 <sup>st</sup> Working Day of Week	Traditionally Governor's State of State Address & deadline to submit Executive's legislative package
Mar 15 <sup>th</sup> :	Deadline for Council on Revenues quarterly general fund revenue forecast

End of Apr-beginning of May:	End of regular legislative session (60 <sup>th</sup> session day excluding recesses)
35 <sup>th</sup> day from end of session:	Deadline for Governor to give notification of possible bill vetoes
45 <sup>th</sup> day from end of session:	Deadline for Governor to veto bills or automatically becomes law
Jun 1 <sup>st</sup> :	Deadline for Council on Revenues quarterly general fund revenue forecast
Early-mid Jun:	Budget execution policies issued by Governor; appropriation warrants issued by DAGS

# DESCRIPTION AND EXPLANATION OF FUNDING SOURCES

#### Internal Funding Sources

- I. Special Funds
  - 1. Hawaiian Homes Administration Account (1941)
  - 2. DHHL Revenue Bond Special Fund (1989)
- II. <u>Trust Funds</u>
  - 1. HHL Trust Fund (Act 14, SpSLH 1995)
  - 2. H.H. Operating Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
    - i) Operating Portion (1948)
    - ii) Development Portion (1941)
  - 3. Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
  - 4. HH Trust Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
  - 5. HH Receipts Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
- III. <u>Revolving Funds</u>
  - 1. HH Loan Fund (1921)
  - 2. HH General Loan Fund

#### **External Funding Sources**

- 1. General Fund
- 2. General Obligation Bonds
- 3. Revenue Bonds
- 4. Federal Funds

# **SPECIAL FUNDS**

- 1. Hawaiian Homes Administration Account (1941)
- 2. DHHL Revenue Bond Special Fund (1989)

Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home Administration Account (S-325)Means of Financing:Special Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

In 1959, the Hawaii Admission Act (Act of March 18, 1959, Pub. L. 86-3, 73 Stat 4) provided that ownership of Hawaiian home lands (HHL) be transferred from the United States to the State of Hawaii. The Admission Act also provided that the HHL, as well as proceeds and income therefrom were to be held by the State in trust for native Hawaiians and administered in accordance with the Act, and that use of HHL for any other purpose would constitute a breach of trust for which suit may be brought by the United States.

Section 4 of the Hawaii Admissions Act, states in part:

"(3) that <u>all proceeds and income from the "available lands" as defined by said Act, shall be</u> <u>used only in carrying out the provisions of said Act</u>" (emphasis added).

Section 5(f) of the Hawaii Admissions Act, states in part:

"Such lands, proceeds, and income shall be managed and disposed of for one or more of the foregoing purposes in such manner as the constitution and laws of said State may provide, and their use for any other object shall constitute a breach of trust for which suit may be brought by the United States." (emphasis added).

#### REVENUE LINE ITEMS:

1) The entire receipts from any leasing or other dispositions of "available lands" are deposited into this account. Any interest or other earnings arising out of investments from this fund are to be credited to this fund.

Receipts of this fund are from general leases, licenses, revocable permits, rights of entry, and other dispositions of Hawaiian home lands. The Admission Act and the Constitution stipulate that all proceeds and income from "available lands," as defined by the HHCA, "shall be used only in carrying out the provisions of said Act."

#### EXPENDITURE LINE ITEMS:

1) The monies are to be expended by the department for salaries and all other administrative expenses of the department, excluding capital improvements, in the absence of general funds appropriated for operating and administrative costs.

Funds of the Administration Account must be incorporated in the Executive Budget and appropriated by the legislature before they can be used for salaries and operating costs.

#### OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE:

- 1) The HHCA provides that the excess of the receipts deposited into the Hawaiian Home Administration Account over the amount approved or made available by the legislature may be transferred to the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund.
- 2) All revenues from "available" lands are pledged to the repayment of DHHL revenue bonds. Monies in excess of the reserve and debt service requirements may be transferred back to the Administration Account upon Commission approval.
- Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213(f), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

Name of Fund: *Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Revenue Bond Special Fund* (S-350) Means of Financing: Special Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source): In 1959, the Hawaii Admission Act (Act of March 18, 1959, Pub. L. 86-3, 73 Stat 4) provided that ownership of Hawaiian home lands (HHL) be transferred from the United States to the State of Hawaii. The Admission Act also provided that the HHL, as well as proceeds and income therefrom were to be held by the State in trust for native Hawaiians and administered in accordance with the Act, and that use of HHL for any other purpose would constitute a breach of trust for which suit may be brought by the United States.

Section 4 of the Hawaii Admissions Act, states in part:

"(3) that <u>all proceeds and income from the "available lands" as defined by said Act, shall be</u> <u>used only in carrying out the provisions of said Act</u>" (emphasis added).

Section 5(f) of the Hawaii Admissions Act, states in part:

"Such lands, proceeds, and income shall be managed and disposed of for one or more of the foregoing purposes in such manner as the constitution and laws of said State may provide, and their use for any other object shall constitute a breach of trust for which suit may be brought by the United States." (emphasis added).

In 2017, DHHL refunded \$30.94 million in revenue bonds. All revenues from "available" lands were pledged to the repayment of these bonds. Monies in excess of the reserve and debt service requirements may be transferred back to the Administration Account upon Commission approval.

Pursuant to section 213.5 of the HHCA, the department is required to establish a Revenue Bond Special Fund for each undertaking financed by revenue bonds. A special fund was established for the revenue bonds issued in 1991. Sources of monies for this fund are:

- 1. Revenues committed for payment of debt service and maintenance of reserve accounts.
- 2. Interest from investments of reserve accounts.

The monies are primarily used to repay the debt service on the bonds and to maintain a reserve account as required by the bond resolution.

 Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213.5, Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

## **TRUST FUNDS**

- 1. Hawaiian Home Lands Trust Fund (Act 14, SpSLH 1995)
- 2. Hawaiian Home Operating Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
  - a. Operating Portion (1948)
  - b. Development Portion (1941)
- 3. Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
- 4. Hawaiian Home Trust Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)
- 5. Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund (Act 27, SLH 1998)

Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home Lands Trust Fund (T-902)Means of Financing:Trust Fund

- Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source): Act 14, Special Session 1995, (DHHL Land Claims Settlement Act) settles all claims made on behalf of the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust against the State between August 21, 1959 and July 1, 1988. It required that the State make twenty annual deposits of \$30,000,000 or their discounted equivalent into the Hawaiian Home Lands Trust Fund. Proceeds of the fund may be used by DHHL for capital improvements and to meet the requirements of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended. The settlement payments were paid in full in 2015.
- Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213.6, Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home Operating Fund (T-905, T-915)Means of Financing:Trust Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

The Hawaiian Home-Development Fund, established in 1941 as a special fund, and the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund, established in 1948 as a revolving fund, were merged into one fund, the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund, in 1986. Section 4 of the Hawaii Admissions Act (Act of March 18, 1959, Pub. L. 86-3, 73 Stat 4) made the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act (HHCA) a State law by compact with the United States. Under this compact, the Hawaiian Home Development Fund and the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund may not be the subject of amendments that impair or reduce them without the consent of Congress. Consequently, the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund is managed as two separate portions, the operating portion and the development portion, to retain the characteristics and substance of the predecessors of this fund.

Section 4 of the Hawaii Admissions Act, states in part:

"the Hawaiian home-loan fund, <u>the Hawaiian home-operating fund</u>, and the Hawaiian homedevelopment fund shall not be reduced or impaired by any such amendment, whether made in the constitution or in the manner required for State legislation, and the encumbrances authorized to be placed on Hawaiian home lands by officers other than those charged with the administration of said Act, shall not be changed except with the consent of the United States" (emphasis added).

#### **REVENUE LINE ITEMS:**

- 1-2) <u>Loan Interest/ Investment Interest</u> Pursuant to section 213(b) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act (HHCA), any interest or earnings arising out of investments from the Hawaiian Home Loan Fund are to be credited to and deposited into the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund.
- 3) <u>Miscellaneous</u> Pursuant to section 213(e) of the HHCA, all moneys received by the department from any other source, other than those prescribed in other funds of the HHCA, are deposited into the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund. This includes receipts collected from the Molokai, Kawaihae and Anahola Water systems, hall rentals, and homestead lease payments.

#### EXPENDITURE LINE ITEMS:

Uses of the operating portion of the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund include:

1. Construction operation and maintenance of revenue-producing activities (such as the Molokai Water System, Kawaihae and the Anahola Farm Lots Water Systems) that are intended to serve principally occupants on Hawaiian home lands.

- 2. Purchase of goods and services to be resold, rented or furnished on a charge basis to occupants of Hawaiian home lands. The department operates a community hall in Waimea on the island of Hawaii.
- 3. Cost of appraisals, studies, consultant services or other staff services, including those in section 202(b) of the HHCA. Some of DHHL temporary exempt hires are funded from this portion of the Operating Fund.

The uses of the development portion of the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund, which require written approval of the Governor, include:

- 1. Improvement and development necessary to serve present and future occupants of Hawaiian home lands.
- 2. Improvements, additions, and repairs to all assets owned or leased by the department excluding structures or improvements that the department is obligated to acquire under Section 209 of the HHCA.
- 3. Engineering, architectural and planning services to maintain and develop properties.
- 4. For consultant services.
- 5. For purchase or lease of equipment.
- 6. For acquisition or lease of real property; and
- 7. Improvements constructed for the benefit of the beneficiaries of the HHCA and not otherwise permitted in the loan funds or Administration Account.

#### OTHER CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE:

- 1) The Hawaiian Homes Commission authorizes the quarterly transfer of moneys from the Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund to the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund.
- 2) Any amount in the Hawaiian Home Administration Account which is in excess of the amount approved by the State Legislature or made available for the fiscal period may be transferred to the Hawaiian Home Operating Fund.
- Statutory Basis of Fund:
   Section 213 (e), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

Name of Fund:Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund (T-924)Means of Financing:Trust Fund

#### 1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

The Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund (NHRF) was created by the 1978 Constitutional Convention to finance various activities intended to exclusively benefit native Hawaiians. This includes, but is not limited to, educational, economic, political, social, and cultural processes by which the general welfare and conditions of native Hawaiians are improved and perpetuated. The specific sources of NHRF funds vary, but are primarily derived from certain lands labeled "ceded lands" which were conveyed from the federal government to the State when it was admitted into the Union.

#### **REVENUE LINE ITEMS:**

- 1) Thirty percent of the state receipts, derived from lands previously cultivated and cultivated as sugarcane lands and from water licenses, are deposited into this fund.
- 2) Any payments of principal, interest or other earnings arising out of the loan or investments from the fund are credited and deposited into this fund.

#### EXPENDITURE LINE ITEMS:

- 1) NHRF has also been involved in the financing of community based projects and an education scholarship program within the native Hawaiian community.
- Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213(i), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home Trust Fund (T-917)Means of Financing:Trust Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

Monies deposited into this fund are available for transfers into any other fund or account authorized by the Act or for any public purpose to further the purposes of the Act. Public purpose includes using the Hawaiian home trust fund as a reserve for loans insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, Veteran Administration or any other federal agency authorized to insure or guarantee loans. A major deposit in the Hawaiian home-trust fund is the reserve for loans insured by the Federal Housing Administration.

 Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213(h), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home Receipts Fund (T-916)Means of Financing:Trust Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

All interest monies from loans or investments received by the department from any fund (except as provided in each fund) are deposited into this fund. At the end of each quarter, all monies in this fund may be transferred to the Hawaiian home-operating fund, the Hawaiian home-administration account, the Hawaiian home-trust fund or any loan fund in accordance with rules. If the Commission fails to approve a plan of transfer, all monies in the HHRF is transferred according to the Administrative Rules adopted by the department.

 Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213 (g), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

# **REVOLVING FUNDS**

- 1. HH Loan Fund (1921)
- 2. HH General Loan Fund

Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home Loan Fund (S-302)Means of Financing:Revolving Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

The Hawaiian Home Loan Fund was established in 1921 as a revolving fund. Section 4 of the Hawaii Admissions Act (Act of March 18, 1959, Pub. L. 86-3, 73 Stat 4) made the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act (HHCA) a State law by compact with the United States. Under this compact, the Hawaiian Home Loan Fund may not be the subject of amendments that impair or reduce its powers and benefits without the consent of Congress.

Section 4 of the Hawaii Admissions Act, states in part:

"<u>the Hawaiian home-loan fund</u>, the Hawaiian home-operating fund, and the Hawaiian homedevelopment fund <u>shall not be reduced or impaired by any such amendment</u>, whether made in <u>the constitution or in the manner required for State legislation</u>, and the encumbrances <u>authorized to be placed on Hawaiian home lands by officers other than those charged with the</u> <u>administration of said Act</u>, shall not be changed except with the consent of the United States" (emphasis added).

#### **REVENUE LINE ITEMS:**

<u>Loan Principal Repayment</u> - Pursuant to section 213(b) of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act (HHCA), any principal repayment arising out of loans from the Hawaiian Home Loan Fund are to be credited to and deposited into the Hawaiian Home Loan Fund.

The Hawaiian Home Loan Fund is used principally to pay the net proceeds when a homestead lease is canceled or surrendered or when a lessee dies without leaving a qualified successor.

 Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213 (b), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended Name of Fund:Hawaiian Home General Loan Fund (S-323)Means of Financing:Revolving Fund

1. Description and Purpose of Fund (including revenue source):

Act 249, passed by the 1986 State Legislature consolidated all remaining loan funds other than the Hawaiian home-loan fund into the Hawaiian home-general loan fund. These loan funds were established through various amendments to the Act since statehood. The major source of receipts for this fund is through principal repayment of loans.

The department can make loans from the revolving funds for the following purposes:

- 1. Repair, maintenance, purchase or erection of dwellings on any tract and any permanent improvements.
- 2. Purchase of livestock and farm equipment (including aquaculture).
- 3. Farm loans not to exceed \$200,000.

In addition, the department may:

- 1. Use money in the Hawaiian home-operating fund to secure matching funds from federal, state or county agencies.
- 2. Loan or guarantee the repayment of loans or otherwise underwrite any authorized loan or portion thereof to lessees in accordance with Section 215 of the HHCA.
- 3. Permit loans to lessees by government agencies or private lenders, where the department assures payment of such loans in case of default.
- 4. Secure, pledge, or otherwise guarantee the repayment of money borrowed by the department from government agencies or private lenders. Money borrowed by the department or on departmental guarantees of loan shall at no time exceed \$100,000,000.
- 5. Use available loan fund monies or other funds as cash guarantees when required by lenders.
- 6. Exercise the functions of a lender of money in all direct loans made by government agencies or private lenders to lessees of which repayment is guaranteed by the department.
- 7. Pledge receivables of loan accounts outstanding as collateral to secure loans made by government agencies or private lenders to the department, the proceeds of which shall be used to make new loans.

- 8. Transfer into the Hawaiian home-trust fund any available money from any loan fund, except the Hawaiian home-loan fund, for use as cash guarantees or reserves when required by a federal agency authorized to insure or guarantee loans to lessees.
- Statutory Basis of Fund: Section 213 (c), Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended

**New Home Developments and Repairs & Maintenance** 

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands								
Development Budget (FY 2024)								
(000's omitted)								
	_	FY 23 C	arryover	FY 24 Ne	w Funds	FY	24 Budget Reques	t
Project / Description	New Lots	HHL Trust	Leg Appns	HHL Trust (902)	Leg Appns	HHL Trust (902)	Leg Appns	Total
PART A: Lot Development Projects (Addressing the	e homestead	d waiting list)						
OAHU								
East Kapolei II-B Na Kupa'a Loan Payoff		2,300				2,300	-	2,300
East Kapolei II-A TOD and Telecom						-	-	-
Ewa Beach (former NOAA site)	600					-	-	-
Waimanalo Residential & Agricultural Lots	119			1,750		1,750	-	1,750
Land Acquisition, Oahu			1,000			-	1,000	1,000
						-	-	-
MAUL						-	-	-
Keokea-Waiohuli, Phase 2B	61		32,000			-	32,000	32,000
Keokea-Waiohuli, Phase 3	76	1,000				1,000	-	1,000
Maui Development Fees (water, sewer, etc)		167		83		250	-	250
Lei Ali'i Phase 1B	75	500				500	-	500
Lei Ali'i Highway and Access Improvements			9,000			-	9,000	9,000
Honokowai Subs Ag Ph 1	50	1				1	-	1
Pulehunui Development			3,000				3,000	3,000
Pu'unani Development (\$4 million = AHC)	161	4,000	-,			4,000	-	4,000
Kahikinui Roadways	-	1,258		242		1,500	-	1,500
		1,200		2.2		-	_	-
LANAI						-	_	-
Lanai Residence Lots, Offsite Infrastructure							_	
						-	-	-
MOLOKAI						-	-	-
Kalamaula Ag Lots (Acceleration)	45	1,000				1,000	-	1,000
Hoolehua Agricultural Lots- Naiwa Ag Subd	66	250				250	_	250
Hoolehua-Pala'au Scattered	12						_	
						-	_	-
BIG ISLAND						-	_	-
HCC Home Project				325		325	_	325
Kaumana Subdivision Rehabilitation							-	-
Kaʻū Water System Impovements, Phs 2		616				616	-	616
Ka'u Agricultural Lots (Pu'ueo)	25	3,000				3,000	-	3,000
Lalamilo Housing Phase 2A, Increment 1	25	1,000				1,000	-	1,000
Laiopua Water (site acquisition)		1,000	9,900			-	9,900	9,900
			5,500			-	-	-
KAUAI	_					-	-	-
Anahola Kuleana	_			250		250	-	250
Wailua Masterplan				1,000		1,000	_	1,000
				1,000		-	-	-
STATEWIDE PROJECTS						-	-	-
Scattered Lots Program (Statewide)						-	-	-
Acquisition Due Diligence		1,000				1,000	-	1,000
VOKA Payment		18		42		60	-	60
Federal Funds Reimbursements/Adjustments		1,000				1,000	-	1,000
Dispute Resolution		1,000				1,000	-	1,000
•								
PART A SUBTOT	AL 1,290	\$ 17,111	\$ 54,900	\$ 3,692	\$ -	\$ 20,803	\$ 54,900	\$ 75,703

Department of Hawaiian Home Lands								
Development Budget (FY 2024)								
(000's omitted)								
		FY 23 C	arryover	FY 24 Ne	w Funds	F	/ 24 Budget Requ	est
Project / Description	New Lots	HHL Trust	Leg Appns	HHL Trust (902)	Leg Appns	HHL Trust (902)	Leg Appns	Total
PART B: Repair, Maintenance, and Operating Costs (I	Promoting	g thriving, health	y communities)					
OAHU								
Papakolea Sewer Remediation, Ph 2		5,000		1,000		6,000	-	6,000
Papakolea Infrastructure Remediation						-	-	-
Nānākuli Sewer Improvements, Ph 2				6,000		6,000	-	6,000
Waianae Sewer Improvements						-	-	-
Waimanalo Flood Control Channel Improvements						-	-	-
Waimānalo Sewer Improvements				18,000		18,000	-	18,000
Princess Kahanu Sewer Improvements					9,400	-	9,400	9,400
Kapolei Sewer Repairs					110	-	110	110
Nanakuli Drainage & Fencing, Ph 2					4,250	-	4,250	4,250
Rehabilitation of School Seawall				403		403	-	403
Waianae Sidewalk & Storm Basin Repairs					2,000	-	2,000	2,000
Waimanalo Bell Street Drainage Improvements					950		950	950
Waimanalo Concrete Channel Relining				6,200		6,200	-	6,200
Waimanalo Waioleoa Street & Dirt Drainage				-,	150	-	150	150
Waimanalo Sewer Repairs (Kumuhau, Kakaina)					400	-	400	400
								-
MOLOKAI						_	_	
Kalamaula Drainage					290	-	290	290
Kapaakea-One Alii Drainage					450	_	450	450
					450			
BIG ISLAND							-	-
Honokaia Non-potable Water System								
Keaukaha Sewer Improvements Master Plan								
Maku'u Site Remediation		200				200		200
K'au Water System		200	2,900			200	2,900	2,900
Lalamilo Ph 1, Kawaihae Road Channelization		100	2,300			100	2,500	2,300
		420				420		420
Lalamilo Ph 1, Infrastructure Improvements		800					-	
La'i 'Õpua Brush Clearing & Maintenance		800			2 000	800	-	800
Puukapu Non-potable Water System Improvements					2,000	-	2,000	2,000
								-
				050		-	-	-
Anahola Dam and Reservoir Add'l Improvements		547		953		1,500	-	1,500
STATEWIDE PROJECTS						-	-	-
Engineering Services for Various Locations						-	-	-
R/M of Improvements on HHL, Statewide						-	-	-
R/M of Utilities in Existing Subdivisions			+			-	-	-
Environmental Mitigation/Remediation						-	-	-
								-
PART B SUBTOTAL		\$ 7,067	\$ 2,900	\$ 32,556	\$ 20,000	\$ 39,623	\$ 22,900	
PART A + PART B		\$ 24,178	\$ 57,800	\$ 36,248	\$ 20,000	\$ 60,426	\$ 77,800	\$ 138,226

**LOANS** 

#### Department of Hawaiian Home Lands Loan Section FY 2024/FY 2025 Loan Request

	Loans: Fiscal Year 2024	Total	(S-302-I) HH Loan Fund	(S-323-I) HH General Loan Fund	(T-917-I) HH Trust Fund	(T-902-I) HHL Trust Fund	NAHASDA (A)
A.	Section 209 HHC Transaction	3,000,000	2,000,000	1,000,000			
В.	Direct Loan Financing	12,000,000		5,000,000			7,000,000
C.	Real Property Taxes Contingency-	100,000		100,000			
D.	Guaranteed/Insured Loan Portfolio	2,400,000		2,400,000			
E.	Loans and Interest Receivable -Writeoffs	1,200,000			1,200,000		
F.	Loan Adjustment	2,000,000		2,000,000			
	Total Loans	20,700,000	2,000,000	10,500,000	1,200,000	-	7,000,000

	Loans: Fiscal Year 2025	Total	(S-302-I) HH Loan Fund	(S-323-I) HH General Loan Fund	(T-917-I) HH Trust Fund	(T-902-I) HHL Trust Fund	NAHASDA (A)
А. В. С.	Section 209 HHC Transaction Direct Loan Financing Real Property Taxes	3,000,000 12,000,000 100,000	2,000,000	1,000,000 5,000,000 100,000			7,000,000
D.	Contingency- Guaranteed/Insured Loan Portfolio	2,400,000		2,400,000			
E.	Loans and Interest Receivable -Writeoffs	1,200,000			1,200,000		
F.	Loan Adjustment	2,000,000		2,000,000			
	Total Loans	20,700,000	2,000,000	10,500,000	1,200,000	-	7,000,000

(A) NAHASDA = HB 300, CD1 established by proviso a separate Revolving loan fund for NAHASADA for

FY 2024 and FY 2025. Legislature appropriated \$7M annually.

FISCAL BIENNIUM 2023-2025 DEPARTMENT OPERATING BUDGET

#### Department of Hawaiian Home Lands

#### OPERATING BUDGET BY STATE APPRIOPRIATED AND NON-APPROPRIATED FUNDING SOURCES FY 2021-FY 2023 (HHC APPROVED), FY 2024-FY 2025

Legislative Appropriations	FISCAL YEAR					
	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
Authorized Positions	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	
Unfunded Positions	(51.00)	(40.00)	(19.00)	(19.00)	(19.00)	
Funded Positions	149.00	160.00	181.00	181.00	181.00	
· General Fund	\$15,532,062	\$14,751,668	\$25,795,216	\$26,428,191	\$26,796,100	
• H.H. Administration Account (special)	\$4,824,709	\$4,824,709	\$4,824,709	\$4,824,709	\$4,824,709	Special Fur
• H.H. Operating Fund						
Operating Portion	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	
<b>Development Portion</b>	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Total Operating Fund	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	\$3,740,534	Trust Fun

II. Non-Appropriated Funds			FISCAL YEAR			
·	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
<ul> <li>H.H. Operating Fund</li> </ul>						
Operating Portion	\$2,403,437	\$5,732,445	\$7,074,023	\$7,074,023	\$7,074,023	
Development Portion	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Total Operating Fund	\$2,403,437	\$5,732,445	\$7,074,023	\$7,074,023	\$7,074,023	Trust Fund
• Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund						
Native Hawaiian Development Program and Plan	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000	
Beneficiary Capacity Bldg. and Technical Assistance	\$150,000	\$400,000	\$400,000	\$200,000	\$200,000	
	\$1,150,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,400,000	\$1,200,000	\$1,200,000	Trust Fund
• DHHL Revenue Bond Special Fund	\$3,200,000	\$3,200,000	\$3,200,000	\$3,200,000	\$3,200,000	Special Fund
Total	\$30,850,742	\$33,649,356	\$46,034,482	\$46,467,457	\$46,835,366	

# Department of Hawaiian Home Lands FY 2024 Operating Budget Request

	EV JJ Approved
FI 23 Approved FI 24 Nequest	
LI 74 Vednest	EV 3/ Docuoct
Change \$	FY 23 vs FY 24   FY 23 vs FY 24
Change %	FY 23 vs FY 24

	Total
	23,815,918
	25,056,864
	25,173,973
	117,109
	0.47%

				vs. FY 23	Targets
5%	4%	3%	2%	1%	0%
1,252,843	1,002,275	751,706	501,137	250,569	-

FUND BALANCE REPORT

Balance is May month ending actual.				120,229,769		
- S4M from HH General Loan Fund (S- 323).	40,924,024			40,124,024	1,200,000	Loans
OHA OHA	9,254,373	3,000,000		9,454,373	3,200,000	Administration and Operating
				Ō	ebt Service) (S-35	Revenue Bond Special Fund (Debt Service) (S-350)
Estimated revenues based on average of past 6 fiscal years.	38,868,708	8,600,000		40,768,708	10,500,000	Loans
					Fund (S-323)	Hawaiian Home General Loan Fund (S-323)
Estimated revenues based on average of past 6 fiscal years.	1,855,258	194,000		3,661,258	2,000,000	Loans
					302)	Hawaiian Home Loan Fund (S-302)
Estimated revenues based on average of past 6 fiscal years.	3,495,984	313,000		4,382,984	1,200,000	Rehabilitation Projects
					ו Fund (T-924)	Native Hawaiian Rehabilitation Fund (T-924)
Estimated revenues based on average of past 6 fiscal years.	9,532,835	17,200,000	(22,000,000)	19,157,544	4,824,709	Administration and Operating
						Administration Account S-325
	1,033,762		22,000,000	26,096,319	47,062,557	
-					7,074,023	Non-Appropriated (T-915)
					3,740,534	Appropriated (T-905)
						(Operating Portion) Administration and Operating
					36,248,000	Lot Development (including R&M)
						(Development Portion)
						<b>Operating Fund (T-905+T-915)</b>
Notes	Est. FY24 EOY Balance	Est. Revenues	Transfers	May 2023 Fund Bal (Actuals)*	FY 24 Budget	Budget Section
						HHC Workshop June 16, 2023
						Estimated Fund Balances DHHL FY 2024 Budget