

**HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION ACT, 1920**

(Act of July 9, 1921, c 42, 42 Stat 108)

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**Note**

This Act is now part of the State Constitution and is subject to amendment or repeal as prescribed in Article XII of the Constitution.

**Consent of Congress**

Consent of Congress, see Pub. L. 99-557 (October 27, 1986); H. J. Res. 32, 105th Cong. 1st Sess., Pub. L. No. 105-21, 111 Stat. 235 (June 27, 1997), for §§209 and 219.1; and S.J. Res. 23, 102nd Cong. 2nd Sess., Pub. L. No. 102-398, 106 Stat. 1953 (October 6, 1992), for §§202, 203, 204, 208, 209, 213, 214, 215, 220, 221, 222, and 227.

**Law Journals and Reviews**

The Native Hawaiian Trusts Judicial Relief Act: The First Step in an Attempt to Provide Relief. 14 UH L. Rev. 889.

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### **Note**

Amendment of Act and funding for Native Hawaiian roll commission. L 2011, c 195, §§3, 4.

Public land trust information system. L 2011, c 54.

### **Cross References**

Native Hawaiian recognition, see chapter 10H.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Threatened and endangered plants are protected on Hawaiian home lands under the provisions of chapter 195D, as well as under the provisions of the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, to the same extent that the plants are protected elsewhere in Hawaii. Anyone who "takes" threatened or endangered plants on Hawaiian home lands is subject to state and federal civil and criminal penalties. Att. Gen. Op. 95-5.

## Law Journals and Reviews

Courts and the Cultural Performance: Native Hawaiians' Uncertain Federal and State Law Rights to Sue. 16 UH L. Rev. 1.

Native Hawaiian Homestead Water Reservation Rights: Providing Good Living Conditions for Native Hawaiian Homesteaders. 25 UH L. Rev. 85.

## Case Notes

Claims under Act arise exclusively under state law; hence, Eleventh Amendment bars federal court from deciding claims against state officials based solely on this Act. 45 F.3d 333.

Appellant who claimed article XII's (of the state constitution) implementation of this Act violated the Fourteenth Amendment because government benefits, leases to public lands, are available only to native Hawaiians, lacked standing. 342 F.3d 934.

Lessee defendants' motion to dismiss granted, where plaintiffs claimed native Hawaiian lessee defendants violated this Act, as well as plaintiffs' rights under 42 U.S.C. §1983 by subleasing Hawaiian home lands to non-native Hawaiians. 824 F. Supp. 1480.

To the extent plaintiffs sought redress for violations of the Hawaii constitution or this Act, the Eleventh Amendment barred the state law claims; thus, state defendants' motion for summary judgment granted on all state law claims against state officials brought in their official capacities; state defendants sued in personal capacities were entitled to qualified immunity. 824 F. Supp. 1480.

Association that included native Hawaiian beneficiaries asserted viable claim under 42 U.S.C. §1983 alleging breach of trust duties by appellees under this Act via Admission Act. 78 H. 192, 891 P.2d 279.

Act is part of Hawai'i constitution and does not constitute federal law; thus, federal preemption principles did not apply to case where there was no relevant federal law at issue and conflict between Act and state statute was matter of state constitutional law. 87 H. 91, 952 P.2d 379.

Chapter 343 does not conflict with this Act, has only

incidental impact on Hawaiian home lands, and is not inconsistent with interests of the beneficiaries; thus, chapter applies to Hawaiian home lands. 87 H. 91, 952 P.2d 379.

For Hawaiian home lands, the department of Hawaiian home lands is the accepting authority for applicant proposals under §343-5 (c); because the governor is not involved, there is no conflict with this Act. 87 H. 91, 952 P.2d 379.

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**TITLE 1: DEFINITIONS**

**§1.** That this Act may be cited as the "Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920."

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**§2.** That when used in this Act the term "Hawaiian Organic Act" means the Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April 30, 1900, as amended.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

This Act construed as a state constitutional provision rather than an Act of Congress. Att. Gen. Op. 81-4.

### **Case Notes**

The Hawaii Admission Act transferred complete responsibility of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act program and the homelands to Hawaii and claims based on that Act do not "arise under" federal laws. 588 F.2d 1216.

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[TITLE 1A: PURPOSE]

[§101. Purpose.] *[Text of section subject to consent of Congress.]* (a) The Congress of the United States and the State of Hawaii declare that the policy of this Act is to enable native Hawaiians to return to their lands in order to fully support self-sufficiency for native Hawaiians and the self-determination of native Hawaiians in the administration of this Act, and the preservation of the values, traditions, and culture of native Hawaiians.

(b) The principal purposes of this Act include but are not limited to:

(1) Establishing a permanent land base for the benefit and use of native Hawaiians, upon which they may live, farm, ranch, and otherwise engage in commercial or industrial or any other activities as authorized in this Act;

(2) Placing native Hawaiians on the lands set aside under this Act in a prompt and efficient manner and assuring long-term tenancy to beneficiaries of this Act and their successors;

(3) Preventing alienation of the fee title to the lands set aside under this Act so that these lands will always be held in trust for continued use by native Hawaiians in perpetuity;

(4) Providing adequate amounts of water and supporting infrastructure, so that homestead lands will always be usable and accessible; and

(5) Providing financial support and technical assistance to native Hawaiian beneficiaries of this Act so that by pursuing strategies to enhance economic self-sufficiency and promote community-based development, the traditions, culture and quality of life of native Hawaiians shall be forever self-sustaining.

(c) In recognition of the solemn trust created by this Act, and the historical government to government relationship between the United States and Kingdom of Hawaii, the United States and the State of Hawaii hereby acknowledge the trust established under this Act and affirm their fiduciary duty to faithfully administer the provisions of this Act on behalf of

the native Hawaiian beneficiaries of the Act.

(d) Nothing in this Act shall be construed to:

(1) Affect the rights of the descendants of the indigenous citizens of the Kingdom of Hawaii to seek redress of any wrongful activities associated with the overthrow of the Kingdom of Hawaii; or

(2) Alter the obligations of the United States and the State of Hawaii to carry out their public trust responsibilities under section 5 of the Admission Act to native Hawaiians and other descendants of the indigenous citizens of the Kingdom of Hawaii. [L 1990, c 349, §1]

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## TITLE 2: HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION

### §201. Definitions. (a) When used in this title:

"Commission" means the Hawaiian homes commission.

"Fund" means the Hawaiian home loan fund.

"Hawaiian home lands" means all lands given the status of Hawaiian home lands under the provisions of section 204 of this title.

"Irrigated pastoral land" means land not in the description of the agricultural land but which, through irrigation, is capable of carrying more livestock the year through than first-class pastoral land.

"Native Hawaiian" means any descendant of not less than one-half part of the blood of the races inhabiting the Hawaiian Islands previous to 1778.

"Public land" has the same meaning as defined in paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) of section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act.

"State" means the State of Hawaii.

"Tract" means any tract of Hawaiian home lands leased, as authorized by section 207 of this title, or any portion of the tract.

(b) Any term defined or described in section 347 or 351 of the Revised Laws of Hawaii of 1915, except a term defined in subsection (a) of this section, shall, whenever used in this title, have the same meaning as given by such definition or description. [Am Jun. 8, 1954, c 321, §2, 68 Stat 263; am L 1963, c 207, §5(a); am L 1997, c 197, §1]

### Revision Note

Definitions rearranged pursuant to §23G-15.

### Law Journals and Reviews

The Lum Court and Native Hawaiian Rights. 14 UH L. Rev. 377.

### Case Notes

Native Hawaiians have no standing to challenge

constitutionality of Act on equal protection grounds as they would be asserting the rights of non-Hawaiian third parties. 795 F. Supp. 1009.

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**[\$201.5.] Federal reaffirmation.** *[Text of section*

*subject to consent of Congress.]* The United States and State of Hawaii hereby reaffirm and recognize that:

(1) The native Hawaiian people are a distinct native, indigenous people who have maintained their own language, culture, and traditions, and have established Hawaiian home lands areas protected under federal and state law;

(2) The United States has a unique trust responsibility to promote the welfare of the aboriginal, indigenous people of the State, and the federal government has delegated broad authority to the State to act for their betterment; and

(3) The aboriginal, indigenous people of the State retain their inherent sovereign authority and their right to organize for their common welfare. [L 2001, c 302, pt of §2]

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**[§201.6.] Community based governance on Hawaiian home**

**lands.** *[Text of section subject to consent of Congress.]* It is the policy of the State to support participation in governance by promoting the empowerment of democratically-elected Hawaiian homestead community self-governance organizations.

In furtherance of this policy, and with the consent of the Congress of the United States, the State may delegate to a democratically-elected organization representing a Hawaiian homestead community or communities the authorities delegated to the State by the United States relating to the administration of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended.

The commission may establish a working relationship with a democratically-elected Hawaiian homestead community self-governance organization to promote community welfare. The selection of authorities to be delegated shall be left to the Hawaiian homes commission's discretion. The commission may establish criteria to determine the boundaries and location of a Hawaiian homestead community and whether a Hawaiian homestead community organization is eligible for delegation. Criteria for eligibility shall include but not be limited to the following:

(1) The organization and its leadership is a bona fide representative body of native Hawaiian residents, homestead lessees, qualified successors residing within the homestead community, and native Hawaiians who have designated that homestead community as their primary choice of residence with the department of Hawaiian home lands and who are awaiting an award of a lease under this Act;

(2) The organization is governed by free and fair elections; and

(3) The organization demonstrates sufficient capacity to implement the authorities that are delegated.

The commission may contract with and delegate authority to a Hawaiian homestead community self-governance organization to perform governmental services for the homestead community represented by that homestead organization. Any such contract shall include a requirement that the government service shall be performed at a level and quality comparable to the services that

would otherwise be provided by the department of Hawaiian home lands.

The department of Hawaiian home lands may adopt rules in accordance with chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to implement this section. [L 2001, c 302, pt of §2]

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**§202. Department officers, staff, commission, members,**

**compensation.** (a) There shall be a department of Hawaiian home lands which shall be headed by an executive board to be known as the Hawaiian homes commission. The members of the commission shall be nominated and appointed in accordance with section 26-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The commission shall be composed of nine members, as follows: three shall be residents of the city and county of Honolulu; two shall be residents of the county of Hawaii one of whom shall be a resident of east Hawaii and the other a resident of west Hawaii; two shall be residents of the county of Maui one of whom shall be a resident from the island of Molokai; one shall be a resident of the county of Kauai; and the ninth member shall be the chairman of the Hawaiian homes commission. All members shall have been residents of the State at least three years prior to their appointment and at least four of the members shall be descendants of not less than one-fourth part of the blood of the races inhabiting the Hawaiian Islands previous to 1778. The members of the commission shall serve without pay, but shall receive actual expenses incurred by them in the discharge of their duties as such members. The governor shall appoint the chairman of the commission from among the members thereof.

The commission may delegate to the chairman such duties, powers, and authority or so much thereof, as may be lawful or proper for the performance of the functions vested in the commission. The chairman of the commission shall serve in a full-time capacity. He shall, in such capacity, perform such duties, and exercise such powers and authority, or so much thereof, as may be delegated to him by the commission as herein provided above.

(b) The provisions of section 76-16, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall apply to the positions of first deputy and private secretary to the chairman of the commission. The department may hire temporary staff on a contractual basis not subject to chapters 76 and 78, Hawaii Revised Statutes, when the services to be performed will assist in carrying out the purposes of the Act. These positions may be funded through appropriations for capital improvement program projects and by the administration account, operating fund, or native Hawaiian rehabilitation fund. No contract shall be for a period longer

than two years, but individuals hired under contract may be employed for a maximum of six years; provided that the six-year limitation shall not apply if the department, with the approval of the governor, determines that such contract individuals are needed to provide critical services for the efficient functioning of the department. All other positions in the department shall be subject to chapter 76, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

All vacant and new civil service positions covered by chapter 76, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall be filled in accordance with section 76-22.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes; provided that the provisions of these sections shall be applicable first to qualified persons of Hawaiian extraction. [Am Jul. 26, 1935, c 420, §1, 49 Stat 504; May 31, 1944, c 216, §1, 58 Stat 260; Jul. 9, 1952, c 618, 66 Stat 515; am L 1963, c 207, §1; am imp L 1965, c 223, §§5, 8; am L 1977, c 174, §1; am L 1983, c 147, §2; am L 1984, c 199, §2; am L 1985, c 295, §1; am L 1986, c 249, §1; am L 1989, c 265, §2; am L 2002, c 148, §48]

### **Cross References**

Acting board members, see §26-36.

Membership on other boards prohibited, see §78-4.

Public agency meetings and records, see chapter 92.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Provision conferring employment preference to Hawaiians conflicts with Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 and is invalid. Att. Gen. Op. 81-4.

### **Law Journals and Reviews**

Native Hawaiians, Self-Determination, and the Inadequacy of the State Land Trusts. 14 UH L. Rev. 519.

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**§203. Certain public lands designated "available lands."**

All public lands of the description and acreage, as follows, excluding (a) all lands within any forest reservation, (b) all cultivated sugar-cane lands, and (c) all public lands held under a certificate of occupation, homestead lease, right of purchase lease, or special homestead agreement, are hereby designated, and hereinafter referred to, as "available lands":

(1) On the island of Hawaii: Kamaoa-Puueo (eleven thousand acres, more or less), in the district of Kau; Puukapu (twelve thousand acres, more or less), Kawaihae 1 (ten thousand acres, more or less), and Pauahi (seven hundred and fifty acres, more or less), in the district of South Kohala; Kamoku-Kapulena (five thousand acres, more or less), Waimanu (two hundred acres, more or less), Nienie (seven thousand three hundred and fifty acres, more or less), in the district of Hamakua; fifty-three thousand acres to be selected by the department from the lands of Humuula Mauka, in the district of North Hilo; Panaewa, Waiakea (two thousand acres, more or less), Waiakea-kai, or Keaukaha (two thousand acres, more or less), and two thousand acres of agricultural lands to be selected by the department from the lands of Piihonua, in the district of South Hilo; and two thousand acres to be selected by the department from the lands of Kaohe-Makuu, in the district of Puna; land at Keaukaha, Hawaii, more particularly described as follows:

**PARCEL I**

Now set aside as Keaukaha Beach Park by Executive Order Numbered 421, and being a portion of the Government land at Waiakea, South Hilo, Hawaii.

Beginning at the southeast corner of this parcel of land, on the north side of Kalaniana'ole Road, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station "Halai" being five thousand six hundred and eighty-one and twelve one-hundredths feet north and seventeen thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and fifteen one-hundredths feet east, as shown on Government Survey Registered Map Numbered 2704, and running by true azimuths.

1. Sixty-one degrees fifty-eight minutes one thousand three hundred and fifty-one and seventy-three one-hundredths

feet along the north side of Kalaniana'ole Road (fifty feet wide);

2. One hundred and fifty-one degrees fifty-eight minutes eight hundred and forty feet along United States military reservation for river and harbor improvements (Executive Order Numbered 176);

Thence along the seashore at high-water mark, the direct azimuths and distances between points at seashore being:

3. Two hundred and eighty-two degrees no minutes four hundred and sixty-eight and fifty one-hundredths feet;

4. Three hundred and thirteen degrees twenty minutes four hundred and forty-one feet;

5. Two hundred and sixty degrees twenty minutes one hundred and forty feet;

6. Two hundred and forty-two degrees twenty minutes two hundred and fifty feet;

7. One hundred and eighty-eight degrees forty minutes sixty feet;

8. Two hundred and seventy-two degrees twenty minutes one hundred and seventy feet;

9. Two hundred and five degrees no minutes sixty feet;

10. One hundred and ten degrees twenty minutes two hundred and twenty feet;

11. Ninety degrees fifty minutes eighty feet;

12. One hundred and sixty-two degrees no minutes one hundred and seventy feet;

13. Two hundred and fifty degrees thirty minutes four hundred and thirty feet;

14. Three hundred and thirty-one degrees fifty-eight minutes three hundred and eighty feet along parcel II of Government land to the point of beginning and containing an area of eleven and twenty one-hundredths acres, more or less.

## PARCEL II

Being a portion of the Government land of Wai'alea, South Hilo, Hawaii, and located on the north side of Kalaniana'ole Road and adjoining parcel I, hereinbefore described.

Beginning at the south corner of this parcel of land, on the north side of Kalaniana'ole Road, the coordinates of said

point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station "Halai," being five thousand six hundred and eighty-one and twelve one-hundredths feet north and seven thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and fifteen one-hundredths feet east and running by true azimuths:

1. One hundred and fifty-one degrees fifty-six minutes three hundred and eighty feet along the east boundary of parcel I;
2. Two hundred and twenty-nine degrees forty-five minutes thirty seconds one hundred and ninety-one and one one-hundredths feet;
3. One hundred and ninety-eight degrees no minutes two hundred and thirty feet to a one-and-one-half inch pipe set in concrete;
4. Three hundred and seven degrees thirty-eight minutes five hundred and sixty-two and twenty-one one-hundredths feet to a one-and-one-half inch pipe set in concrete;
5. Twenty-eight degrees no minutes one hundred and twenty-one and thirty-seven one-hundredths feet to the north side of Kalanianaole Road;
6. Sixty-one degrees fifty-eight minutes four hundred and eighty-three and twenty-two one-hundredths feet along the north side of Kalanianaole Road to the point of beginning and containing an area of five and twenty-six one-hundredths acres, more or less.

(2) On the island of Maui: Kahikinui (twenty-five thousand acres, more or less) in the district of Kahikinui, and the public lands (six thousand acres, more or less) in the district of Kula;

(3) On the island of Molokai: Palaau (eleven thousand four hundred acres, more or less), Kapaakea (two thousand acres, more or less), Kalamaula (six thousand acres, more or less), Hoolehua (three thousand five hundred acres, more or less), Kamiloloa I and II (three thousand six hundred acres, more or less), and Makakupaia (two thousand two hundred acres, more or less) and Kalaupapa (five thousand acres, more or less);

(4) On the island of Oahu: Nanakuli (three thousand acres, more or less), and Lualualei (two thousand acres, more or less), in the District of Waianae; and Waimanalo (four thousand acres, more or less), in the District of Koolaupoko, excepting

therefrom the military reservation and the beach lands; and those certain portions of the lands of Auwaiolimu, Kewalo, and Kalawahine described by metes and bounds as follows, to-wit:

(I) Portion of the Government land at Auwaiolimu, Punchbowl Hill, Honolulu, Oahu, described as follows:

Beginning at a pipe at the southeast corner of this tract of land, on the boundary between the lands of Kewalo and Auwaiolimu, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey triangulation station "Punchbowl," being one thousand one hundred and thirty-five and nine-tenths feet north and two thousand five hundred and fifty-seven and eight-tenths feet east as shown on Government Survey Registered Map Numbered 2692, and running by true azimuths:

1. One hundred and sixty-three degrees thirty-one minutes two hundred and thirty-eight and eight-tenths feet along the east side of Punchbowl-Makiki Road;

2. Ninety-four degrees eight minutes one hundred and twenty-four and nine-tenths feet across Tantalus Drive and along the east side of Puowaina Drive;

3. One hundred and thirty-one degrees thirteen minutes two hundred and thirty-two and five-tenths feet along a twenty-five foot roadway;

4. One hundred and thirty-nine degrees fifty-five minutes twenty and five-tenths feet along same;

5. One hundred and sixty-eight degrees seventeen minutes two hundred and fifty-seven and eight-tenths feet along Government land (old quarry lot);

6. One hundred and fifty-six degrees thirty minutes three hundred and thirty-three feet along same to a pipe;

7. Thence following the old Auwaiolimu stone wall along L. C. Award Numbered 3145, to Laenui, grant 5147 (lot 8 to C.W. Booth), L.C. Award Numbered 1375, to Kapule, and L.C. Award Numbered 1355, to Kekuanoni, the direct azimuth and distance being two hundred and forty-nine degrees forty-one minutes one thousand three hundred and three and five-tenths feet;

8. Three hundred and twenty-one degrees, twelve minutes, six hundred and ninety-three feet along the remainder of the land of Auwaiolimu;

9. Fifty-one degrees, twelve minutes, one thousand and four hundred feet along the land of Kewalo to the point of

beginning, containing an area of twenty-seven acres, excepting and reserving therefrom Tantalus Drive and Auwaiolimu Street crossing this land.

(II) Portion of the land of Kewalo, Punchbowl Hill, Honolulu, Oahu, being part of the lands set aside for the use of the Hawaii Experiment Station of the United States Department of Agriculture by proclamation of the Acting Governor of Hawaii, dated June 10, 1901, and described as follows:

Beginning at the northeast corner of this lot, at a place called "Puu Ea" on the boundary between the lands of Kewalo and Auwaiolimu, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station "Punchbowl," being three thousand two hundred and fifty-five and six-tenths feet north and five thousand two hundred and forty-four and seven-tenths feet east, as shown on Government Survey Registered Map Numbered 2692 of the State of Hawaii, and running by true azimuths:

1. Three hundred and fifty-four degrees thirty minutes nine hundred and thirty feet along the remainder of the land of Kewalo, to the middle of the stream which divides the lands of Kewalo and Kalawahine;

2. Thence down the middle of said stream along the land of Kalawahine, the direct azimuth and distance being forty-nine degrees sixteen minutes one thousand five hundred and twelve and five-tenths feet;

3. One hundred and forty-one degrees twelve minutes eight hundred and sixty feet along the remainder of the land of Kewalo;

4. Two hundred and thirty-one degrees twelve minutes five hundred and fifty-two and six-tenths feet along the land of Auwaiolimu to "PUU IOLE";

5. Thence still along the said land of Auwaiolimu following the top of the ridge to the point of beginning, the direct azimuth and distance being two hundred and thirty-two degrees twenty-six minutes one thousand four hundred and seventy feet and containing an area of thirty acres; excepting and reserving therefrom Tantalus Drive crossing this land;

(III) Portion of the land of Kalawahine makai of Tantalus Drive consisting of twelve acres, more or less, said parcel described more specifically in tax map key 2-4-34-8, which

includes certain parcels adjoining the Ewa portion of Kalawahine Place currently occupied by short-term land dispositions if the persons residing on those parcels meet the qualifications established by the Legislature of the State of Hawaii and elect to have the land under their homes transferred to the department, and certain portions of the Ewa portion of the parcel, but excluding the hillside side portions of the southeast parcel, with metes and bounds designated by the department and approved by the department of land and natural resources; provided that persons now residing on portion of the land described, be given first opportunity to lease the lands on which they now reside, for a term of 99 years, whether or not they be native Hawaiians as defined in the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920, as amended.

(IV) Portion of the Hawaii Experiment Station under the control of the United States Department of Agriculture, situated on the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street.

#### **KEWALO-UKA, HONOLULU, OAHU**

Being a portion of the land of Kewalo-uka conveyed by the Territory of Hawaii to the United States of America by proclamations of the Acting Governor of Hawaii, Henry E. Cooper, dated June 10, 1901, and August 16, 1901, and a portion of the United States Navy Hospital reservation described in Presidential Executive Order Numbered 1181, dated March 25, 1910.

Beginning at the west corner of this parcel of land, on the Auwaiolimu-Kewalo-uka boundary and on the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station "Punchbowl," being one thousand two hundred and thirty and fifty-eight one-hundredths feet north and two thousand six hundred and seventy-five and six one-hundredths feet east as shown on Government Survey Registered Map Numbered 2985 and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. Two hundred and thirty-one degrees twelve minutes one thousand two hundred and forty-eight and twenty-six one-hundredths feet along the land of Auwaiolimu;
2. Three hundred and twenty-one degrees twelve minutes

eight hundred and sixty feet along Hawaiian home land as described in Presidential Executive Order Numbered 5561;

3. Thence down along the middle of stream in all its turns and windings along the land of Kalawahine to the north corner of Roosevelt High School lot, the direct azimuth and distance being thirty-three degrees forty-eight minutes forty seconds one thousand one hundred and twelve and twenty one-hundredths feet;

Thence still down along the middle of stream for the next seven courses along the Roosevelt High School premises, the direct azimuth and distances between points in middle of said stream being:

4. Twenty-three degrees forty minutes twenty-eight and ninety one-hundredths feet;

5. Eight degrees no minutes one hundred and fifteen feet;

6. Three hundred and thirty-seven degrees fifty minutes forty-eight feet;

7. Two degrees thirty minutes sixty feet;

8. Forty-nine degrees forty minutes fifty-two feet;

9. Forty-six degrees six minutes ninety and seventy one-hundredths feet;

10. Ninety-two degrees forty-three minutes ninety-five and sixty one-hundredths feet; thence

11. Eighty-three degrees thirty-eight minutes seventy-one and sixty-three one-hundredths feet along state land to the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street;

12. Thence on a curve to the left with a radius of one thousand one hundred and seventy-six and twenty-eight one-hundredths feet along the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street along land described in Presidential Executive Order Numbered 1181, dated March 25, 1910, the direct azimuth and distance being one hundred and seventy-two degrees twenty-nine minutes thirty-five seconds one hundred and sixty-four and thirty-nine one-hundredths feet;

13. Thence continuing on a curve to the left with a radius of one thousand one hundred and seventy-six and twenty-eight one-hundredths feet along the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street, the direct azimuth and distance being one hundred and sixty degrees fifty minutes forty-eight seconds three hundred and twelve and seventy-five one-hundredths feet;

14. Two hundred and twenty-four degrees fifty-three minutes

six hundred and seventy and sixty-five one-hundredths feet along the Quarry Reservation (State of Hawaii, owner);

15. One hundred and ten degrees six minutes two hundred and thirty-nine and twenty one-hundredths feet along same;

16. Ninety-two degrees five minutes two hundred and two and twenty one-hundredths feet along same;

17. Fifty-three degrees twenty minutes three hundred and forty and thirty-four one-hundredths feet along same;

18. One hundred and forty-two degrees thirty minutes four hundred and twenty-four and sixty-eight one-hundredths feet along the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street to the point of beginning and containing an area of twenty-seven and ninety one-hundredths acres; excepting and reserving therefrom that certain area included in Tantalus Drive, crossing this land.

(V) Portion of Kewalo-uka Quarry Reservation. Situate on the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street.

#### **KEWALO-UKA, HONOLULU, OAHU**

Being land reserved by the State of Hawaii within the Hawaii Experiment Station under the control of the United States Department of Agriculture, as described in proclamations of the Acting Governor of Hawaii, Henry E. Cooper, dated June 10, 1901.

Beginning at the northwest corner of this parcel of land and on the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government survey triangulation station "Punchbowl," being eight hundred and ninety-three and sixty-six one-hundredths feet north and two thousand nine hundred and thirty-three and fifty-nine one-hundredths feet east as shown on Government Survey Registered Map Numbered 2985 and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. Two hundred and thirty-three degrees twenty minutes three hundred and forty and thirty-four one-hundredths feet along the Hawaii Experiment Station under the control of the United States Department of Agriculture;

2. Two hundred and seventy-two degrees five minutes two hundred and two and twenty one-hundredths feet along same;

3. Two hundred and ninety degrees six minutes two hundred and thirty-nine and twenty one-hundredths feet along same;

4. Forty-four degrees fifty-three minutes six hundred and seventy and sixty-five one-hundredths feet along same to the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street;

5. Thence on a curve to the left with a radius of one thousand one hundred and seventy-six and twenty-eight one-hundredths feet along the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street, the direct azimuth and distance being one hundred and forty-seven degrees fifty-one minutes thirteen seconds two hundred and nineteen and fifty one-hundredths feet;

6. One hundred and forty-two degrees thirty minutes one hundred and thirty-four and fifty-five one-hundredths feet along the northeast side of Auwaiolimu Street;

7. Two hundred and thirty-two degrees thirty minutes twenty feet along same;

8. One hundred and forty-two degrees thirty minutes seventy-one and fifty-seven one-hundredths feet along same to the point of beginning and containing an area of four and six hundred and forty-six one-thousandths acres.

(VI) Being a portion of government land of Auwaiolimu, situated on the northeast side of Hawaiian home land of Auwaiolimu and adjacent to the land of Kewalo-uka at Pauoa Valley, Honolulu, Oahu, State of Hawaii. Beginning at a pipe in concrete at the south corner of this parcel of land, being also the east corner of Hawaiian home land, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Punchbowl," being two thousand twelve and seventy-five one-hundredths feet south and three thousand six hundred forty-seven and eighty-seven one-hundredths feet east, and thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. One hundred and forty-one degrees twelve minutes six hundred and ninety-three feet along Hawaiian home land;

2. Thence along middle of stone wall along L.C.Aw. 1356 to Kekuanoni, Grant 5147, Apana 1 to C.W.Booth, L.C.Aw. 1351 to Kamakainau, L.C.Aw. 1602 to Kahawai, Grant 4197 to Keauloa, L.C. Aw. 5235 to Kaapuiki and Grant 2587 to Haalelea;

3. Two hundred and ninety-five degrees thirty minutes three hundred and twenty feet along the remainder of government land of Auwaiolimu;

4. Twenty-four degrees sixteen minutes thirty seconds one thousand five hundred seventy-nine and thirty-six one-hundredths

feet along the remainder of government land of Auwaiolimu;

5. Thence along middle of ridge along the land of Kewalo-uka to a point called "Puu Iole" (pipe in concrete monument), the direct azimuth and distance being fifty-six degrees no minutes eight hundred and thirty feet;

6. Fifty-two degrees twelve minutes five hundred fifty-two and sixty one-hundredths feet along the land of Kewalo-uka to the point of beginning and containing an area of thirty-three and eighty-eight one-hundredths acres, more or less.

(VII) Being portions of government lands of Kewalo-uka and Kalawahine situated on the east side of Tantalus Drive at Pauoa Valley, Honolulu, Oahu, State of Hawaii. Beginning at the west corner of this parcel of land, the true azimuth and distance to a point called "Puu Ea" (pipe in concrete monument) being one hundred and seventy-four degrees thirty minutes four hundred one and ninety-nine one-hundredths feet, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Punchbowl" being two thousand eight hundred fifty-five and ten one-hundredths feet north and five thousand two hundred eighty-two and twenty-five one-hundredths feet east and thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. Two hundred and forty-eight degrees nineteen minutes forty seconds eight hundred fifty and fifty-four one-hundredths feet along the land of Kewalo-uka;

2. Sixteen degrees thirty minutes five hundred feet along the land of Kewalo-uka, along the land of Kalawahine;

3. Twenty-five degrees no minutes five hundred feet along the land of Kalawahine;

4. Thirty-five degrees no minutes three hundred and twenty feet along the land of Kalawahine;

5. Fifty degrees forty-six minutes ninety-six and seventy one-hundredths feet along Makiki Forest Ridge lots;

6. Seventy-three degrees twenty minutes two hundred fifty-five and ninety one-hundredths feet along Makiki Forest Ridge lots;

7. Eighty-six degrees thirty-two minutes one hundred sixty-three and forty one-hundredths feet along Makiki Forest Ridge lots;

8. Thence along the south side of Tantalus Drive on a curve to the right with a radius of two hundred and seventy

feet, the direct azimuth and distance being two hundred and twenty-one degrees twelve minutes nineteen seconds ninety-eight and thirty-six one-hundredths feet;

9. Two hundred and thirty-one degrees forty-two minutes one hundred ninety-three and thirty-five one-hundredths feet along the south side of Tantalus Drive;

10. Still along Tantalus Drive on a curve to the left with a radius of one hundred eighty and seventy-eight one-hundredths feet, the direct azimuth and distance being one hundred and eighty-one degrees forty-five minutes fifty-five seconds two hundred seventy-six and seventy-two one-hundredths feet;

11. Two hundred and forty-two degrees fifteen minutes sixty-two and thirty-two one-hundredths feet along the land of Kewalo-uka;

12. One hundred and seventy-four degrees thirty minutes five hundred twenty-eight and one one-hundredths feet along the land of Kewalo-uka to the point of beginning and containing an area of five hundred and seventy-four thousand seven hundred and thirty square feet or thirteen and one hundred ninety-four one-thousandths acres.

(5) On the island of Kauai: Upper land of Waimea, above the cultivated sugar cane lands, in the district of Waimea (fifteen thousand acres, more or less); and Moloaa (two thousand five hundred acres, more or less), and Anahola and Kamalomalo (five thousand acres, more or less).

Wailuku, Maui: That parcel of government land, situate in the District of Wailuku, Island and County of Maui, comprising twelve and four hundred and fifty-five one-thousandths acres of the ILI OF KOU and being a portion of the land covered by General Lease Numbered 2286 to Wailuku Sugar Company, Limited, notwithstanding the fact that said parcel is cultivated sugar cane land, subject, however, to the terms of said lease.

Cultivated Sugar Cane Lands: That parcel of Anahola, Island of Kauai, comprising four hundred and one and four hundred and twenty-three one-thousandths acres, hereinafter described and being portion of the land covered by general lease numbered 2724 to the Lihue Plantation Company, Limited, notwithstanding the fact that said parcel is cultivated sugar cane land, subject however, to the terms of said lease, said parcel being more particularly described as follows:

Being a portion of land described in general lease numbered 2724 to the Lihue Plantation Company situate in the district of Anahola, Kauai, State of Hawaii, beginning at the northwest corner of this parcel of land, the coordinates of which referred to government triangulation station south base are three thousand and forty-nine and sixty-two one-hundredths feet south, one thousand nine hundred and thirty-two and twenty-five one-hundredths feet west, and running thence by azimuths measured clockwise from true south two hundred and eighty-four degrees thirty minutes two hundred and fifty feet, thence on the arc of circular curve to the left, with a radius of eight hundred and ninety feet and a central angle of thirty-five degrees fifteen minutes, the direct azimuth and distance being two hundred and sixty-six degrees fifty-two minutes thirty seconds five hundred and thirty-eight and ninety-six one-hundredths feet, thence two hundred and forty-nine degrees fifteen minutes one thousand eight hundred and nine and twenty-five one-hundredths feet, thence two hundred and twenty-four degrees fifteen minutes three thousand fifty-six feet, thence one hundred and thirty-four degrees fifteen minutes two hundred and seven feet, to the seashore at Anahola Bay, thence along the seashore around Kahala Point, the direct azimuth and distance being two hundred and thirty-seven degrees six minutes seven seconds one thousand and sixty and fourteen one-hundredths feet, thence along the seashore, the direct azimuth and distance being three hundred and thirty-two degrees no minutes one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven feet, thence along the seashore, the direct azimuth and distance being three hundred and fifty-five degrees no minutes one thousand eight hundred and twenty-seven feet, thence eighty-seven degrees twenty minutes seven hundred and forty feet, thence fifty-nine degrees no minutes two thousand seven hundred and fifteen feet, thence sixty-nine degrees fifteen minutes one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven and thirty-six one-hundredths feet, thence on the arc of a circular curve to the right with a radius of three thousand and twelve feet, and a central angle of thirty-five degrees fifteen minutes the direct azimuth and distance being eighty-six degrees fifty-two minutes thirty seconds one thousand eight hundred and twenty-three and ninety-eight one-hundredths feet, thence one hundred and four degrees thirty minutes two hundred and fifty feet,

thence one hundred and ninety-four degrees thirty minutes one thousand and thirty-one feet, thence on the arc of a circular curve to the left with a radius of six hundred and seven and ninety-five one-hundredths feet and a central angle of fifty-three degrees three minutes thirty seconds the direct azimuth and distance being seventy-seven degrees fifty-eight minutes fifteen seconds five hundred and forty-three and nine one-hundredths feet to the government road, thence two hundred and thirty-one degrees twenty-six minutes thirty seconds one hundred and thirteen and sixty-one one-hundredths feet along the government road, thence along the government road on the arc of a circular curve to the left with a radius of four hundred and seventy-seven feet and a central angle of forty-four degrees twenty-six minutes thirty seconds, the direct azimuth and distance being two hundred and nine degrees thirteen minutes fifteen seconds three hundred and sixty and seventy-eight one-hundredths feet, thence one hundred and eighty-seven degrees no minutes one hundred and sixty-nine and fifty-four one-hundredths feet along the government road, thence on the arc of a circular curve to the left with a radius of three hundred and fifty-one and eight one-hundredths feet and a central angle of eighty-two degrees thirty minutes the direct azimuth and distance being three hundred and twenty-five degrees forty-five minutes four hundred and sixty-two and ninety-seven one-hundredths feet, thence one hundred and ninety-four degrees thirty minutes five hundred and seventy-nine feet, thence one hundred and four degrees thirty minutes three hundred feet, thence one hundred and ninety-four degrees thirty minutes two hundred feet, thence two hundred eighty-four degrees thirty minutes three hundred feet, thence one hundred and ninety-four degrees thirty minutes two hundred and fifty-two feet to the point of beginning containing an area of four hundred and one and four hundred and twenty-three one-thousandths acres more or less. [Am May 16, 1934, c 290, §1, 48 Stat 777; Aug. 29, 1935, c 810, §1, 49 Stat 966; Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 497; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §1, 55 Stat 782; May 31, 1944, c 216, §2, 58 Stat 260; Jun. 3, 1948, cc 384, 397, 62 Stat 295, 303; Jul. 9, 1952, c 614, §§1, 2, 66 Stat 511; am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 5; am L 1990, c 150, §7]

#### **WITHDRAWALS OF AVAILABLE LAND**

The Act of May 31, 1944, c 216, §2, 58 Stat 260, repealed so much of the above section as designates the lands hereinafter described as "available lands," and restored such lands to their previous status under the control of the Territory of Hawaii. The lands so restored on the island of Hawaii are:

Those portions of Keaukaha tract 1, being additions to the Hilo airplane landing field, comprising several parcels of land as follows:

Parcel 1. Land situated at Keaukaha, tract 1, Waiakea, South Hilo, island of Hawaii, State of Hawaii, being portions of lots 96, 97, 182, 183, 184, 185, Desha Avenue, and twenty-five foot alley, of the Keaukaha residence lots, as shown on government survey registered maps 2723 and 3017, on file in the department of accounting and general services at Honolulu.

Beginning at the south corner of this piece of land and on the west boundary of the Hawaiian home land, the true azimuth and distance from the northwest corner of the Hilo airport addition, as shown on government survey registered maps 2723 and 3017 on file in the department of accounting and general services at Honolulu, and on the south side of Kamehameha Avenue, being one hundred and eighty degrees no minutes four hundred and three and thirty-one one-hundredths feet, and the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Halai" being two thousand five hundred and twenty and thirty-one one-hundredths feet north and fifteen thousand five hundred and fifty-three one-hundredths feet east, thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes six hundred and fifteen and ninety-five one-hundredths feet along Government land and tract A of grant deeded by Territory of Hawaii to Hilo Railroad Company;

2. Three hundred and ten degrees forty-two minutes four hundred and one and sixty-six one-hundredths feet along the remainders of Desha Avenue, lots 96, 97, twenty-five-foot alley, and lot 182 of the Keaukaha residence lots; and

3. Forty degrees forty-two minutes four hundred and sixty-six and ninety-seven one-hundredths feet along the remainders of lots 182, 183, 184, 185, and Desha Avenue and the Keaukaha residence lots to the point of beginning, and containing an area

of two and one hundred and fifty-five one-thousandths acres, more or less.

Parcel 2. Land situated on the south side of Kamehameha Avenue, at Keaukaha, tract 1, Waiakea, South Hilo, Island of Hawaii, State of Hawaii, being all of lots 449 to 486, inclusive, all of lots 546 to 564, inclusive, and portions of Kauhane, Spencer, Pua, and Kamaka Avenues of the Keaukaha residence lots, as shown on Government Survey Registered Maps 2723 and 3017, on file in the department of accounting and general services at Honolulu.

Beginning at the northwest corner of this piece of land; being also the southwest corner of Kamehameha and Kauhane Avenues, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Halai" being two thousand one hundred and seventeen feet north and sixteen thousand eight hundred and eighty feet east, thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. Two hundred and seventy degrees no minutes two thousand and seventeen and eighty-five one-hundredths feet along the south side of Kamehameha Avenue;
2. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes four hundred and fifty feet along lots 448 and 487 of the Keaukaha residence lots;
3. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes fifty feet across Kamaka Avenue;
4. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes two hundred and twenty-five feet along lot 545 of the Keaukaha residence lots;
5. Ninety degrees no minutes three hundred and ninety-two and forty-eight one-hundredths feet along lots 583, 582, 581, and 580 of the Keaukaha residence lots;
6. Ninety degrees no minutes fifty feet across Pua Avenue;
7. Ninety degrees no minutes eight hundred and one and fifteen one-hundredths feet along lots 579, 578, 577, 576, 575, 574, 573, and 572, of the Keaukaha residence lots;
8. Ninety degrees no minutes fifty feet across Spencer Avenue;
9. Ninety degrees no minutes six hundred and seventy-four and twenty-two one-hundredths feet along lots 571, 570, 569, 568, 567, 566, and 565, of the Keaukaha residence lots;
10. Ninety degrees no minutes fifty feet across Kauhane

Avenue; and

11. One hundred and eight degrees no minutes seven hundred and twenty-five feet along Puuhala Reserve and the present Hilo airport addition, as shown on Government Survey Registered Maps 2723 and 3017 on file in the department of accounting and general services at Honolulu, to the point of beginning, and containing an area of thirty-three and five hundred and eighty-five one-thousandths acres, more or less.

Parcel 3. As returned to the Commissioner of Public Lands of the Territory of Hawaii by resolution numbered 78 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission, dated May 13, 1942. Land situated at Keaukaha, tract 1, Waiakea, South Hilo, Island of Hawaii, State of Hawaii, being the whole of lots 446, 447, 448, 487, 488, 489, 543, 544, 545, 584, 585, and 586 and portions of lots 581, 582, and 583, and a portion of Kamaka Avenue, of the Keaukaha residence lots, as shown on Government Survey Registered Maps 2723 and 3017, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the northeast corner of this piece of land, being also the northeast corner of lot 446 and the southwest corner of Kamehameha and Baker Avenues, the true azimuth and distance from the northwest corner of Hilo airport addition (of twenty and fifty-four one-hundredths acres and on the south side of Kamehameha Highway), as shown on Government Survey Registered Maps 2723 and 3017, being two hundred and seventy degrees no minutes and three thousand six hundred and eighty-eight and seventy one-hundredths feet, and the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Halai" being two thousand one hundred and seventeen feet north and nineteen thousand one hundred and ninety-two and twenty-three one-hundredths feet east, thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes four hundred and fifty feet along the west side of Baker Avenue;

2. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes fifty feet across Kamaka Avenue;

3. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes four hundred and fifty feet along the west side of Baker Avenue;

4. Ninety degrees no minutes two hundred and ninety-four and thirty-eight one-hundredths feet along the north side of Kawika Avenue;

5. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes one hundred and twelve and fifty one-hundredths feet along lot 583 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

6. One hundred and ten degrees fifty-five minutes three hundred and fifteen and thirteen one-hundredths feet along the remainders of lots 583, 582, and 581 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

7. Two hundred and seventy degrees no minutes two hundred and ninety-four and thirty-six one-hundredths feet along lots 548, 547, and 546 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

8. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes two hundred and twenty-five feet along lot 546 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

9. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes fifty feet across Kamaka Avenue;

10. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes four hundred and fifty feet along lots 486 and 449 of the Keaukaha lots to the south side of Kamehameha Avenue; and

11. Two hundred and seventy degrees no minutes two hundred and ninety-four and thirty-eight one-hundredths feet along the south side of Kamehameha Avenue to the point of beginning and containing an area of six and eighty one-hundredths acres.

Parcel 4. As returned to the Commissioner of Public Lands of the Territory of Hawaii by resolution numbered 78 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission, dated May 13, 1942. Land situated at Keaukaha, tract 1, Waiakea, South Hilo, Island of Hawaii, State of Hawaii, being the whole of lots 93, 94, 95, 98, 99, 100, 101, and 102 and portions of lots 92, 96, 97, and 103 and a portion of Desha Avenue of the Keaukaha residence lots, as shown on Government Survey Registered Maps 2723 and 3017, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of this piece of land, being also the northwest corner of lot 94 and on the southeast side of twenty-five-foot road, the true azimuth and distance from the northwest corner of Hilo airport addition (of twenty and fifty-four one-hundredths acres and on the south side of Kamehameha Highway), as shown on Government Survey Registered Maps 2723 and 3017, being one hundred and eighty degrees no minutes one thousand seven hundred and fifty-one and eighty-seven one-hundredths feet, and the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Halai"

being three thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight and eighty-seven one-hundredths feet north and fifteen thousand five hundred and three and fifty-three one-hundredths feet east, thence running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

1. Two hundred and forty-three degrees fifty minutes one hundred and seventy-seven and ninety-three one-hundredths feet along the southeast side of twenty-five-foot road;

2. Three hundred and thirty-three degrees fifty minutes two hundred and thirty-five and sixty one-hundredths feet along lot 92 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

3. Two hundred and forty-three degrees fifty minutes one hundred feet along the remainder of lot 92 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

4. Three hundred and thirty-three degrees fifty minutes two hundred feet along lot 91 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

5. Three hundred and thirty-three degrees fifty minutes fifty feet across Desha Avenue;

6. Two hundred and forty-three degrees fifty minutes one hundred feet along the southeast side of Desha Avenue;

7. Three hundred and thirty-three degrees fifty minutes two hundred and thirty-five and sixty one-hundredths feet along lot 103 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

8. Two hundred and forty-three degrees fifty minutes one hundred feet along the remainder of lot 103 of the Keaukaha residence lots;

9. Three hundred and thirty-three degrees fifty minutes two hundred feet along the southwest side of Kauhane Avenue;

10. Sixty-three degrees fifty minutes six hundred and eighty-eight and thirty-six one-hundredths feet along the northwest side of twenty-five-foot road;

11. One hundred and thirty degrees forty-two minutes two hundred and eighty-six and seventy-three one-hundredths feet along the remainders of lots 97 and 96 and Desha Avenue of the Keaukaha residence lots; and

12. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes seven hundred and thirty-two and sixty-one one-hundredths feet along Government land and tract A of grant deed by the Territory of Hawaii to Hilo Railroad Company to the point of beginning and containing an area of ten and eight hundred and forty-nine one-thousandths acres.

The Act of June 12, 1948, c 458, 62 Stat 387, withdrew certain land as available land. The Act provided:

"That the portion of Hawaiian Homes Commission land of Waiakea-kai or Keaukaha, South Hilo, Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, more fully described as follows, is withdrawn as 'available land' within the meaning of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act of 1920 (42 Stat. 108), as amended, and is hereby restored to its previous status under the control of the Territory of Hawaii:

"Portion of Hawaiian home land of Keaukaha, tract 2, Waiakea, South Hilo, Island of Hawaii, Territory of Hawaii, as returned to the Commissioner of Public Lands of the Territory of Hawaii by Resolution numbered 85 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission, dated July 18, 1944, and more particularly described as follows:

"Beginning at a spike at the northwest corner of this tract of land and on the southeast corner of the intersection of Nene and Akepa Streets, the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station 'Halai' being five thousand two hundred and eight and twenty-one one-hundredths feet north and twenty-four thousand eight hundred and eighteen and six one-hundredths feet east, and running by azimuths measured clockwise from true south:

"1. Two hundred and ninety degrees eleven minutes five hundred and sixty-one and eighty-two one-hundredths feet along the south side of Nene Street;

"2. Thence along same on a curve to the left with a radius of one thousand four hundred and sixty-five and four-tenths feet, the chord azimuth and distance being two hundred and sixty-eight degrees thirty-seven minutes one thousand and seventy-seven and thirty one-hundredths feet;

"3. Two hundred and forty-seven degrees three minutes five hundred and ninety-six and sixty-two one-hundredths feet along same;

"4. Three hundred and sixty degrees no minutes one thousand two hundred and thirty-seven and eighty-five one-hundredths feet;

"5. Ninety degrees no minutes two thousand one hundred and fifty-three and sixty-nine one-hundredths feet;

"6. One hundred and eighty degrees no minutes one thousand one hundred and seventy-three and four one-hundredths feet along the east side of the proposed extension of Akepa Street to the

point of beginning, and containing an area of fifty acres, more or less.

"Section 2. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Act, if, at any time, in the opinion of the Commissioner of Public Lands, use of the above described lands has been discontinued by the Department of Commerce, upon the making of such a determination by the Commissioner of Public Lands such lands shall become available lands within the meaning of Section 203 of title II of the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, 1920, as amended."

The Act of August 29, 1935, c 819, §1, 49 Stat 966, and the Act of May 31, 1944, c 216, §2, 58 Stat 260, repealed so much of the above section as designates the lands hereinafter described as "available lands", and restored such lands to their previous status under the control of the Territory of Hawaii. The lands so restored on the Island of Molokai as of August 29, 1935 are:

Those portions of Hoolehua, apana 2, and Palaau, apana 2, comprising the Molokai airplane landing field as set aside for public purposes by Executive Order Numbered 307 of the Governor of the Territory of Hawaii, dated December 15, 1927, consisting of two hundred four and nine-tenths acres, more or less, and particularly described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southeast corner of the said land, from which the azimuth (measured clockwise from true south) and distance to United States Coast and Geodetic Survey Triangulation Station "Middle Hill" (Kualapuu) is two hundred and seventy-two degrees twenty-three minutes thirty-nine seconds, twelve thousand seven hundred twenty and nine-tenths feet, thence from said point of beginning by metes and bounds, eighty-five degrees ten minutes thirty seconds, three thousand four hundred and twenty-seven feet; one hundred and eighty degrees fifty-six minutes thirty seconds, two thousand six hundred thirty and two-tenths feet; two hundred and seventy-nine degrees fifty-five minutes thirty seconds, four thousand nine hundred seven and three-tenths feet; three hundred and forty-six degrees twenty minutes, three hundred forty-two and three-tenths feet near west edge of Kakainapahao Gulch; three degrees twenty-six minutes, four hundred twenty-seven and one-tenth feet; eighty-three degrees twenty-four minutes, one thousand four hundred sixty-eight and two tenths feet; five degrees fifty-

eight minutes, five hundred seventy-one and three-tenths feet to the point of beginning.

The land so restored on the Island of Molokai as of May 31, 1944 is:

That portion of Palaau, Apana 2, being an addition to the Molokai airplane landing field, as follows:

Parcel 1. As returned to the Commissioner of Public Lands of the Territory of Hawaii by resolution numbered 68 of the Hawaiian Homes Commission, dated March 3, 1941, and consisting of thirteen and five hundred and twenty-seven one-thousandths acres, more or less, more particularly described as follows:

Beginning at the southeast corner of this piece of land, on the west boundary of the present Molokai airport, the true azimuth and distance from the northwest corner of the Molokai airport (Executive Order Numbered 809) being no degrees fifty-six minutes thirty seconds two hundred and forty-two feet, and the coordinates of said point of beginning referred to Government Survey Triangulation Station "Middle Hill" being one and fifteen one-hundredths feet north and sixteen thousand one hundred and twenty-eight and one one-hundredths feet west, thence running by true azimuths measured clockwise from south:

(1) Sixty degrees twenty-five minutes eight hundred and forty-one and seventy-four one-hundredths feet along the remainders of fifty-foot road and lot 170 of the Hawaiian Homes land;

(2) One hundred and eighty degrees fifty-six minutes thirty seconds eight hundred and twelve and sixty-two one-hundredths feet along the remainder of lot 170 of the Hawaiian Homes land;

(3) Two hundred and forty degrees twenty-five minutes eight hundred and forty-one and seventy-four one-hundredths feet along the remainders of Lot 170, Pine Avenue, lot 158 and fifty-foot road of the Hawaiian Homes land, to the west side of the Molokai airport; and

(4) No degrees fifty-six minutes thirty seconds eight hundred and twelve and sixty-two one-hundredths feet along the west side of the present Molokai airport to the point of beginning.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

The term "available lands" does not include land already set apart by Presidential Executive Order at time of enactment of

this Act. Att. Gen. Op. 64-44.

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**§204. Control by department of "available lands," return to board of land and natural resources, when; other lands, use of.**

(a) Upon the passage of this Act, all available lands shall immediately assume the status of Hawaiian home lands and be under the control of the department to be used and disposed of in accordance with the provisions of this Act, except that:

(1) In case any available land is under lease by the Territory of Hawaii, by virtue of section 73 of the Hawaiian Organic Act, at the time of the passage of this Act, such land shall not assume the status of Hawaiian home lands until the lease expires or the board of land and natural resources withdraws the lands from the operation of the lease. If the land is covered by a lease containing a withdrawal clause, as provided in section 73(d) of the Hawaiian Organic Act, the board of land and natural resources shall withdraw such lands from the operation of the lease whenever the department gives notice to the board that the department is of the opinion that the lands are required by it for the purposes of this Act; and such withdrawal shall be held to be for a public purpose within the meaning of that term as used in section 73(d) of the Hawaiian Organic Act.

(2) Any available land, including lands selected by the department out of a larger area, as provided by this Act, not leased as authorized by section 207(a) of this Act, may be returned to the board of land and natural resources as provided under section 212 of this Act, or may be retained for management by the department. Any Hawaiian home lands general lease issued by the department after June 30, 1985, shall contain a withdrawal clause allowing the department to withdraw the land leased at any time during the term of the lease for the purposes of this Act.

In the management of any retained available lands not required for leasing under section 207(a), the department may dispose of those lands or any improvements thereon to the public, including native Hawaiians, on the same terms, conditions, restrictions, and uses applicable to the disposition of public lands

in chapter 171, Hawaii Revised Statutes; provided that the department may not sell or dispose of such lands in fee simple except as authorized under section 205 of this Act; provided further that the department is expressly authorized to negotiate, prior to negotiations with the general public, the disposition of Hawaiian home lands or any improvements thereon to a native Hawaiian, or organization or association owned or controlled by native Hawaiians, for commercial, industrial, or other business purposes, in accordance with the procedures set forth in chapter 171, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

(3) The department, with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior, in order to consolidate its holdings or to better effectuate the purposes of this Act, may exchange the title to available lands for land, privately or publicly owned, of an equal value. All lands so acquired by the department shall assume the status of available lands as though the land were originally designated as available lands under section 203 of this Act, and all lands so conveyed by the department shall assume the status of the land for which it was exchanged. The limitations imposed by section 73 (1) of the Hawaiian Organic Act and the land laws of Hawaii as to the area and value of land that may be conveyed by way of exchange shall not apply to exchanges made pursuant hereto. No such exchange of land publicly owned by the State shall be made without the approval of two-thirds of the members of the board of land and natural resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, lands "publicly owned" means land owned by a county or the State or the United States.

(b) Unless expressly provided elsewhere in this Act, lands or an interest therein acquired by the department pursuant to section [213(e)], 221(c), or 225(b), or any other section of this Act authorizing the department to acquire lands or an interest therein, may be managed and disposed of in the same manner and for the same purposes as Hawaiian home lands. [Am Mar. 27, 1928, c 142, §1, 45 Stat 246; Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 503; Feb. 20, 1954, c 10, §1, 68 Stat 16; Jun. 18, 1954, c

319, §1, 68 Stat 262; am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 5(b); am L 1965, c 271, §1; am L 1976, c 24, §1; am Const Con 1978 and election Nov 7, 1978; am L 1985, c 60, §1; am L 1990, c 14, §1; am L 2000, c 119, §1]

### **Revision Note**

In subsection (b), "section 213(e)" substituted for "section 213(b)(1)".

### **Cross References**

As to last two sentences of subsection (a)(3), compare §§171-5 and 171-50.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Hawaiian home lands needed for purposes of the Act are to be used and disposed of in accordance with the Act and are not subject to county zoning requirements. Att. Gen. Op. 72-21.

Threatened and endangered plants are protected on Hawaiian home lands under the provisions of chapter 195D, as well as under the provisions of the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, to the same extent that the plants are protected elsewhere in Hawaii. Anyone who "takes" threatened or endangered plants on Hawaiian home lands is subject to state and federal civil and criminal penalties. Att. Gen. Op. 95-5.

### **Law Journals and Reviews**

The Lum Court and Native Hawaiian Rights. 14 UH L. Rev. 377.

### **Case Notes**

In dealing with eligible native Hawaiians, department of Hawaiian home lands must adhere to high fiduciary duties normally owed by a trustee to its beneficiaries. 64 H. 327, 640 P.2d 1161.

Commission may lease lands in accordance with §207(a) to the government because it is a member of the public. 69 H. 538, 751

P.2d 81.

Section not violated by application of chapter 343. 87 H. 91,  
952 P.2d 379.

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**§204.5. Additional powers.** In addition and supplemental to the powers granted to the department by law, and notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the department may:

(1) With the approval of the governor, undertake and carry out the development of any Hawaiian home lands available for lease under and pursuant to section 207 of this Act by assembling these lands in residential developments and providing for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, alteration, or repair of public facilities therein, including, without limitation, streets, storm drainage systems, pedestrian ways, water facilities and systems, sidewalks, street lighting, sanitary sewerage facilities and systems, utility and service corridors, and utility lines, where applicable, sufficient to adequately service developable improvements therein, sites for schools, parks, off-street parking facilities, and other community facilities;

(2) With the approval of the governor, undertake and carry out the development of available lands for homestead, commercial, and multipurpose projects as provided in section 220.5 of this Act, as a developer under this section or in association with a developer agreement entered into pursuant to this section by providing for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, alteration, or repair of public facilities for development, including, without limitation, streets, storm drainage systems, pedestrian ways, water facilities and systems, sidewalks, street lighting, sanitary sewerage facilities and systems, utility and service corridors, and utility lines, where applicable, sufficient to adequately service developable improvements therein, sites for schools, parks, off-street parking facilities, and other community facilities;

(3) With the approval of the governor, designate by resolution of the commission all or any portion of a development or multiple developments undertaken pursuant to this section an "undertaking" under part III of chapter 39, Hawaii Revised Statutes; and

(4) Exercise the powers granted under section 39-53, Hawaii Revised Statutes, including the power to issue revenue bonds from time to time as authorized by the legislature.

All provisions of part III of chapter 39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, shall apply to the department and all revenue bonds issued by the department shall be issued pursuant to the provisions of that part, except these revenue bonds shall be issued in the name of the department, and not in the name of the State.

As applied to the department, the term "undertaking" as used in part III of chapter 39 shall include a residential development or a development of homestead, commercial, or multipurpose projects under this Act. The term "revenue" as used in part III of chapter 39, shall include all or any portion of the rentals derived from the leasing of Hawaiian home lands or available lands, whether or not the property is a part of the development being financed. [L 1989, c 283, pt of §2; ree L 1997, c 197, §2]

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**§205. Sale or lease, limitations on.** Available lands shall be sold or leased only:

(1) In the manner and for the purposes set out in this title; or

(2) As may be necessary to complete any valid agreement of sale or lease in effect at the time of the passage of this Act;

except that such limitations shall not apply to the unselected portions of lands from which the department has made a selection and given notice thereof, or failed so to select and give notice within the time limit, as provided in paragraph (3) of section 204 of this title. [Am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1997, c 197, §3]

### **Note**

The reference was to paragraph (3) of section 204 as originally enacted, which fixed a period of eight years after the first meeting of the commission [department]. The first meeting was held September 20, 1921.

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**§206. Other officers not to control Hawaiian home lands; exception.** The powers and duties of the governor and the board of land and natural resources, in respect to lands of the State, shall not extend to lands having the status of Hawaiian home lands, except as specifically provided in this title. [Am L 1963, c 207, §5(a), (b); ree L 1997, c 197, §4]

### **Note**

The Act of July 10, 1937, c 484, 50 Stat 508, provides in part: "That the legislature of the Territory of Hawaii may create a public corporate authority to engage in slum clearance, or housing undertakings, or both, within such Territory.... The legislature.... may, without regard to any federal acts restricting the disposition of public lands of the Territory, authorize the commissioner of public lands, the Hawaiian homes commissioner, and any other officers of the Territory having power to manage and dispose of its public lands, to grant, convey, or lease to such authority parts of the public domain, and may provide that any of the public domain or other property acquired by such authority may be mortgaged by it as security for its bonds...."

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Governor's power to set aside public lands by executive order does not extend to Hawaiian home lands. Att. Gen. Op. 75-3.

Threatened and endangered plants are protected on Hawaiian home lands under the provisions of chapter 195D, as well as under the provisions of the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, to the same extent that the plants are protected elsewhere in Hawaii. Anyone who "takes" threatened or endangered plants on Hawaiian home lands is subject to state and federal civil and criminal penalties. Att. Gen. Op. 95-5.

### **Law Journals and Reviews**

Native Hawaiians, Self-Determination, and the Inadequacy of the State Land Trusts. 14 UH L. Rev. 519.

## Case Notes

Absent demonstrable intent to restrict government's authority to enforce state and county criminal laws on Hawaiian home lands, section does not preclude enforcement of such laws. 80 H. 168, 907 P.2d 754.

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**§207. Leases to Hawaiians, licenses.** (a) The department

is authorized to lease to native Hawaiians the right to the use and occupancy of a tract or tracts of Hawaiian home lands within the following acreage limits per each lessee: (1) not more than forty acres of agriculture lands or lands used for aquaculture purposes; or (2) not more than one hundred acres of irrigated pastoral lands and not more than one thousand acres of other pastoral lands; or (3) not more than one acre of any class of land to be used as a residence lot; provided that in the case of any existing lease of a farm lot in the Kalaniana'ole Settlement on Molokai, a residence lot may exceed one acre but shall not exceed four acres in area, the location of such area to be selected by the department; provided further that a lease granted to any lessee may include two detached farm lots or aquaculture lots, as the case may be, located on the same island and within a reasonable distance of each other, one of which, to be designated by the department, shall be occupied by the lessee as the lessee's home, the gross acreage of both lots not to exceed the maximum acreage of an agricultural, pastoral, or aquacultural lot, as the case may be, as provided in this section.

(b) The title to lands so leased shall remain in the State. Applications for tracts shall be made to and granted by the department, under such regulations, not in conflict with any provisions of this title, as the department may prescribe. The department shall, whenever tracts are available, enter into such a lease with any applicant who, in the opinion of the department, is qualified to perform the conditions of such lease.

(c)(1) The department is authorized to grant licenses as easements for railroads, telephone lines, electric power and light lines, gas mains, and the like. The department is also authorized to grant licenses for lots within a district in which lands are leased under the provisions of this section, for:

(A) Churches, hospitals, public schools, post offices, and other improvements for public purposes; and

(B) Theaters, garages, service stations, markets, stores, and other mercantile establishments

(all of which shall be owned by native Hawaiians or by organizations formed and controlled by native Hawaiians).

(2) The department is also authorized to grant licenses to the United States for reservations, roads, and other rights-of-way, water storage and distribution facilities, and practice target ranges.

(3) Any license issued under this subsection shall be subject to such terms, conditions, and restrictions as the department shall determine and shall not restrict the areas required by the department in carrying on its duties, nor interfere in any way with the department's operation or maintenance activities. [Am Feb. 3, 1923, c 56, §1, 42 Stat 1222; May 16, 1934, c 290, §2, 48 Stat 779; Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 504; May 31, 1944, c 216, §§3, 4, 58 Stat 264; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §§1, 2, 62 Stat 390; Jun. 18, 1954, c 321, §1, 68 Stat 263; Aug. 23, 1958, Pub L 85-733, 72 Stat 822; am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §1; am L 1983, c 125, §2; am L 1984, c 27, §1 and c 37, §2; am L 1985, c 69, §1 and c 159, §2; am L 1997, c 196, §2]

### **Note**

In addition to the provisions herein made for leases to native Hawaiians, the Act of June 20, 1938, c 530, §3, 52 Stat 781, after providing for the Kalapana extension to the Hawaii National Park, authorized the Secretary of the Interior to lease home sites herein to native Hawaiians under certain circumstances.

Homesteaders Cooperative Association use of Hoolehua Store building free of rent, subject to certain conditions. L 1959, JR 17.

### **Revision Note**

In subsection (b), "State" substituted for "United States" in view of section 5(b) of Hawaii Admission Act.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Section does not authorize the commission to grant a permit to occupy Hawaiian homes premises from month to month on a monthly charge basis. Att. Gen. Op. 61-64.

Commission has no authority to permit a lessee to subdivide homestead tract and sublease a portion thereof to daughter. Att. Gen. Op. 61-65.

Neither the department nor any lessee is authorized to develop multi-unit dwellings. Att. Gen. Op. 62-9.

Lands not needed for purposes of Act could be subjected to county zoning regulations. Att. Gen. Op. 72-21.

### **Law Journals and Reviews**

The Lum Court and Native Hawaiian Rights. 14 UH L. Rev. 377.

### **Case Notes**

As subsection (c)(1)(A) of this Act does not provide a "statutory entitlement" to any entity which may be granted a license pursuant to it, plaintiff energy producer failed to establish that plaintiff's exclusive telecommunications service license issued under this subsection constituted "property" which would entitle plaintiff to due process protection. 110 H. 419, 134 P.3d 585.

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**[\$207.5.] Housing development.** The department is authorized to develop and construct single-family and multifamily units for housing native Hawaiians. The method of disposition, including rentals, as well as the terms, conditions, covenants, and restrictions as to the use and occupancy of such single-family and multifamily units shall be prescribed by rules adopted by the department pursuant to chapter 91. [L 1997, c 196, §1]

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**§208. Conditions of leases.** Each lease made under the authority granted the department by section 207 of this Act, and the tract in respect to which the lease is made, shall be deemed subject to the following conditions, whether or not stipulated in the lease:

(1) The original lessee shall be a native Hawaiian, not less than eighteen years of age. In case two lessees either original or in succession marry, they shall choose the lease to be retained, and the remaining lease shall be transferred, quitclaimed, or canceled in accordance with the provisions of succeeding sections.

(2) The lessee shall pay a rental of \$1 a year for the tract and the lease shall be for a term of ninety-nine years; except that the department may extend the term of any lease; provided that the approval of any extension shall be subject to the condition that the aggregate of the initial ninety-nine year term and any extension granted shall not be for more than one hundred ninety-nine years.

(3) The lessee may be required to occupy and commence to use or cultivate the tract as the lessee's home or farm or occupy and commence to use the tract for aquaculture purposes, as the case may be, within one year after the commencement of the term of the lease.

(4) The lessee thereafter, for at least such part of each year as the department shall prescribe by rules, shall occupy and use or cultivate the tract on the lessee's own behalf.

(5) The lessee shall not in any manner transfer to, or otherwise hold for the benefit of, any other person or group of persons or organizations of any kind, except a native Hawaiian or Hawaiians, and then only upon the approval of the department, or agree so to transfer, or otherwise hold, the lessee's interest in the tract; except that the lessee, with the approval of the department, also may transfer the lessee's interest in the tract to the following qualified relatives of the lessee who are at least one-quarter Hawaiian: husband, wife, child, or grandchild. A lessee who is at least one-quarter Hawaiian who has received an interest in the

tract through succession or transfer may, with the approval of the department, transfer the lessee's leasehold interest to a brother or sister who is at least one-quarter Hawaiian. Such interest shall not, except in pursuance of such a transfer to or holding for or agreement with a native Hawaiian or Hawaiians or qualified relative who is at least one-quarter Hawaiian approved of by the department or for any indebtedness due the department or for taxes or for any other indebtedness the payment of which has been assured by the department, including loans from other agencies where such loans have been approved by the department, be subject to attachment, levy, or sale upon court process. The lessee shall not sublet the lessee's interest in the tract or improvements thereon; provided that a lessee may be permitted, with the approval of the department, to rent to a native Hawaiian or Hawaiians, lodging either within the lessee's existing home or in a separate residential dwelling unit constructed on the premises.

(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (5), the lessee, with the consent and approval of the commission, may mortgage or pledge the lessee's interest in the tract or improvements thereon to a recognized lending institution authorized to do business as a lending institution in either the State or elsewhere in the United States; provided the loan secured by a mortgage on the lessee's leasehold interest is insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs, or any other federal agency and their respective successors and assigns, which are authorized to insure or guarantee such loans, or any acceptable private mortgage insurance as approved by the commission. The mortgagee's interest in any such mortgage shall be freely assignable. Such mortgages, to be effective, must be consented to and approved by the commission and recorded with the department.

Further, notwithstanding the authorized purposes of loan limitations imposed under section 214 of this Act and the authorized loan amount limitations

imposed under section 215 of this Act, loans made by lending institutions as provided in this paragraph, insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs, or any other federal agency and their respective successors and assigns, or any acceptable private mortgage insurance, may be for such purposes and in such amounts, not to exceed the maximum insurable limits, together with such assistance payments and other fees, as established under section 421 of the Housing and Urban Rural Recovery Act of 1983 which amended Title II of the National Housing Act of 1934 by adding section 247, and its implementing regulations, to permit the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to insure loans secured by a mortgage executed by the homestead lessee covering a homestead lease issued under section 207(a) of this Act and upon which there is located a one to four family single family residence.

(7) The lessee shall pay all taxes assessed upon the tract and improvements thereon. The department may pay such taxes and have a lien therefor as provided by section 216 of this Act.

(8) The lessee shall perform such other conditions, not in conflict with any provision of this Act, as the department may stipulate in the lease; provided that an original lessee shall be exempt from all taxes for the first seven years after commencement of the term of the lease. [Am Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 504; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §2, 55 Stat 783; Aug. 21, 1958, Pub L 85-710, 72 Stat 706; am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1967, c 146, §§1, 2; am L 1973, c 66, §1; am L 1974, c 175, §1; am L 1978, c 229, §5; am L 1981, c 90, §2; am L 1985, c 60, §2 and c 284, §1; am L 1990, c 305, §1; am L 1997, c 196, §3; am L 1999, c 17, §1; am L 2002, c 12, §1; am L 2005, c 53, §1]

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Lessee is prohibited from subdividing homestead tract and subleasing a portion thereof to lessee's daughter. Att. Gen.

Op. 61-65.

Bank of Hawaii is not an eligible mortgagee; improvements may not be treated as personalty. Att. Gen. Op. 65-15.

### **Case Notes**

Tax on the tract is the tax on the fee simple estate and not on lessee's leasehold interest. 60 H. 487, 591 P.2d 607.

Third party agreements with non-Hawaiians which transferred portion of lessees' interest in homesteads void ab initio as violative of paragraph (5). 81 H. 474, 918 P.2d 1130.

Approval of home loan did not constitute approval of department for transfer of lease. 4 H. App. 446, 667 P.2d 839.

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**§209. Successors to lessees.** (a) Upon the death of the

lessee, the lessee's interest in the tract or tracts and the improvements thereon, including growing crops and aquacultural stock (either on the tract or in any collective contract or program to which the lessee is a party by virtue of the lessee's interest in the tract or tracts), shall vest in the relatives of the decedent as provided in this paragraph. From the following relatives of the lessee who are (1) at least one-quarter Hawaiian, husband, wife, children, grandchildren, brothers, or sisters, or (2) native Hawaiian, father and mother, widows or widowers of the children, widows or widowers of the brothers and sisters, or nieces and nephews,--the lessee shall designate the person or persons to whom the lessee directs the lessee's interest in the tract or tracts to vest upon the lessee's death. The Hawaiian blood requirements shall not apply to the descendants of those who are not native Hawaiians but who were entitled to the leased lands under section 3 of the Act of May 16, 1934 (48 Stat. 777, 779), as amended, or under section 3 of the Act of July 9, 1952 (66 Stat. 511, 513). In all cases that person or persons need not be eighteen years of age. The designation shall be in writing, may be specified at the time of execution of the lease with a right in the lessee in similar manner to change the beneficiary at any time and shall be filed with the department and approved by the department in order to be effective to vest the interests in the successor or successors so named.

In case of the death of any lessee, except as hereinabove provided, who has failed to specify a successor or successors as approved by the department, the department may select from only the following qualified relatives of the decedent:

- (1) Husband or wife; or
- (2) If there is no husband or wife, then the children; or
- (3) If there is no husband, wife, or child, then the grandchildren; or
- (4) If there is no husband, wife, child, or grandchild, then brothers or sisters; or
- (5) If there is no husband, wife, child, grandchild, brother, or sister, then from the following relatives of the lessee who are native Hawaiian: father

and mother, widows or widowers of the children, widows or widowers of the brothers and sisters, or nieces and nephews.

The rights to the use and occupancy of the tract or tracts may be made effective as of the date of the death of the lessee.

In the case of the death of a lessee leaving no designated successor or successors, husband, wife, children, grandchildren, or relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, the land subject to the lease shall resume its status as unleased Hawaiian home lands and the department is authorized to lease the land to a native Hawaiian as provided in this Act.

Upon the death of a lessee who has not designated a successor and who leaves a spouse not qualified to succeed to the lease or children not qualified to succeed to the lease, or upon the death of a lessee leaving no relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, or the cancellation of a lease by the department, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the department shall appraise the value of all the improvements and growing crops or improvements and aquacultural stock, as the case may be, and shall pay to the nonqualified spouse or the nonqualified children as the lessee shall have designated prior to the lessee's death, or to the legal representative of the deceased lessee, or to the previous lessee, as the case may be, the value thereof, less any indebtedness to the department, or for taxes, or for any other indebtedness the payment of which has been assured by the department, owed by the deceased lessee or the previous lessee. These payments shall be made out of the Hawaiian home loan fund and shall be considered an advance therefrom and shall be repaid by the successor or successors to the tract involved. If available cash in the Hawaiian home loan fund is insufficient to make these payments, payments may be advanced from the Hawaiian home general loan fund and shall be repaid by the successor or successors to the tract involved; provided that any repayment for advances made from the Hawaiian home general loan fund shall be at the interest rate established by the department for loans made from the Hawaiian home general loan fund. The successor or successors may be required by the commission to obtain private financing in accordance with section 208(6) to pay off the amount advanced from the Hawaiian home loan fund or Hawaiian home general loan fund.

(b) The appraisal of improvements and growing crops, or stock, if any, shall be made by any one of the following methods:

(1) By a disinterested appraiser hired by the department; provided that the previous lessee or deceased lessee's legal representative shall not be charged for the cost of the appraisal; or

(2) By one disinterested appraiser mutually agreeable to both the department and the previous lessee or the deceased lessee's legal representative, with the cost of appraisal borne equally by the two parties; or

(3) By not more than three disinterested appraisers of which the first shall be contracted for and paid by the department. If the previous lessee or the deceased lessee's legal representative does not agree with the appraised value, the previous lessee or the deceased lessee's legal representative shall contract with and pay for the services of a second appraiser whose appraisal report shall be submitted to the department not later than ninety days from the date of the first appraisal report; provided that the first appraisal shall be used if the second appraiser is not hired within thirty days from the date the department transmits the first appraisal report to the previous lessee or the deceased lessee's representative. If the appraisal values are different and a compromise value between the two appraisals is not reached, a third appraisal shall be made by an appraiser appointed by the first two appraisers not later than ninety days from the date of the second appraisal report and the third appraiser shall determine the final value. The cost of the third appraisal shall be borne equally by the department and the previous lessee or the deceased lessee's legal representative.

The department may adopt rules not in conflict with this section to establish appraisal procedures, including the time period by which the department and the previous lessee or the deceased lessee's legal representative shall act on appraisal matters.

(c) If a previous lessee has abandoned the tract or tracts

or cannot be located after at least two attempts to contact the previous lessee by certified mail, the department by public notice published at least once in each of four successive weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the State shall give notice to the previous lessee that the lease will be canceled in accordance with sections 210 and 216 of this title and the department will appraise the value of the improvements and growing crops and stock, if any, if the previous lessee does not present himself or herself within one hundred and twenty days from the first day of publication of the notice. Following cancellation of the lease and appraisal of the improvements and growing crops and stock, if any, the department shall make the payout as provided in subsection (a).

(d) After the cancellation of a lease by the department in accordance with sections 210 and 216 of this title, or the surrender of a lease by a lessee, the department may transfer the lease or issue a new lease to any qualified native Hawaiian regardless of whether or not that person is related in any way by blood or marriage to the previous lessee.

(e) If any successor or successors to a tract is a minor or minors, the department may appoint a guardian therefor, subject to the approval of the court of proper jurisdiction. The guardian shall be authorized to represent the successor or successors in all matters pertaining to the leasehold; provided that the guardian, in so representing the successor or successors, shall comply with this title and the stipulations and provisions contained in the lease, except that the guardian need not be a native Hawaiian as defined in section 201 of this title. [Am Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 504; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §3, 55 Stat 783; Jul. 9, 1952, c 614, §4, 66 Stat 514; am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §3 and c 112, §1; am L 1982, c 272, §1; am L 1985, c 137, §1; am L 1987, c 36, §§2, 3; am L 1990, c 150, §8; am L 1992, c 92, §1; am L 1993, c 147, §1; am L 1994, c 37, §1 and c 109, §1; am L 2001, c 122, §1; am L 2005, c 16, §1]

### **Attorney General Opinions**

A lessee surrendering a lease is entitled to payment for appraised value of pineapple crops growing on tract at date of

surrender less deduction for indebtedness. Att. Gen. Op. 61-66.

On discretion of commission in the selection of a successor to a lessee who dies without designating the lessee's own successor. Att. Gen. Op. 61-75.

Distribution of "pineapple money" which includes "advances" for expenditures. Att. Gen. Op. 61-88.

Person claiming to be common-law wife under relationship established in Hawaii is not a qualified successor to lessee. Att. Gen. Op. 73-5.

"Children" construed. Att. Gen. Op. 73-18.

### **Case Notes**

Native Hawaiians have no standing to challenge constitutionality of Act on equal protection grounds as they would be asserting the rights of non-Hawaiian third parties. 795 F. Supp. 1009.

Lessee has right to change designated successor at any time and successor's interest vests only upon lessee's death; private agreement cannot alter that right. 4 H. App. 446, 667 P.2d 839.

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**§210. Cancellation of leases.** Whenever the department has reason to believe that any condition enumerated in section 208, or any provision of section 209, of this title has been violated, the department shall give due notice and afford opportunity for a hearing to the lessee of the tract in respect to which the alleged violation relates or to the successor of the lessee's interest therein, as the case demands. If upon such hearing the department finds that the lessee or the lessee's successor has violated any condition in respect to the leasing of such tract, the department may declare the lessee's interest in the tract and all improvements thereon to be forfeited and the lease in respect thereto canceled, and shall thereupon order the tract to be vacated within a reasonable time. The right to the use and occupancy of the Hawaiian home lands contained in such tract shall thereupon revert in the department and the department may take possession of the tract and the improvements thereon. [Am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1997, c 197, §5]

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**§210.5. REPEALED.** L 1987, c 36, §2.

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**§211. Community pastures.** The department shall, when practicable, provide from the Hawaiian home lands a community pasture adjacent to each district in which agricultural lands are leased, as authorized by the provisions of section 207 of this title. [Am L 1963, c 207, §2; ree L 1997, c 197, §6]

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**§212. Lands returned to control of board of land and natural resources.** The department may return any Hawaiian home lands not leased as authorized by the provisions of section 207 of this Act to the control of the board of land and natural resources. Any Hawaiian home lands so returned shall, until the department gives notice as hereinafter in this section provided, resume and maintain the status of public lands in accordance with the provisions of the [Hawaii Revised Statutes]; provided that such lands may not be sold, leased, set aside, used, transferred or otherwise disposed of except under a general lease only. Any lease by the board of land and natural resources hereafter entered into shall contain a withdrawal clause, and the lands so leased shall be withdrawn by the board, for the purpose of this Act, upon the department giving at its option, not less than one nor more than five years' notice of such withdrawal; provided, that the minimum withdrawal-notice period shall be specifically stated in such lease. Each such lease, whether or not stipulated therein, shall be deemed subject to the right and duty of the board of land and natural resources to terminate the lease and return the lands to the department whenever the department gives notice to the board that the department is of the opinion that the lands are required.

Notwithstanding the provisions of section 171-95, Hawaii Revised Statutes, in the leasing of Hawaiian home lands by the board to a public utility or other governmental agency, where such use directly benefits the department of Hawaiian home lands or the homestead lessees, the rental may be nominal; in all other instances, the lease rental shall be no less than the value determined in accordance with section 171-17(b), Hawaii Revised Statutes.

Any general lease of Hawaiian home lands hereafter entered into by the board shall be void unless prior to the disposition of such lease by public auction, direct negotiation or otherwise, approval shall be obtained from the department of Hawaiian home lands. [Am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 5(b); am Const Con 1978 and election Nov. 7, 1978]

#### **Revision Note**

In the first paragraph, "Hawaii Revised Statutes" substituted for "the Hawaiian Organic Act and the Revised Laws of Hawaii 1915".

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Governor does not have power to set aside by executive order any of the returned Hawaiian home lands. Att. Gen. Op. 75-3.

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**§213. Funds and accounts.** (a) There are established in the treasury of the State two revolving funds, to be known respectively as the Hawaiian home loan fund and the Hawaiian home general loan fund.

(b) Hawaiian home loan fund. The moneys in this fund shall be available for the purposes enumerated in section 214 and for payments provided in section 209 and shall not be expended for any other purpose except as provided in subsection (e).

Any interest or other earnings arising out of investments from this fund shall be credited to and deposited into the Hawaiian home operating fund.

(c) Hawaiian home general loan fund. Moneys appropriated by the legislature for the construction of homes but not otherwise set aside for a particular fund, for construction of replacement homes, for home repairs or additions, or for the development and operation of a farm, ranch, or aquaculture operation; moneys transferred from other funds; and installments of principal paid by the lessees upon loans made to them from this fund, or as payments representing reimbursements on account of advances, but not including interest on such loans or advances, shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys in the fund shall be used for purposes enumerated in section 214 and for payments provided in section 209; provided that, in addition to the conditions enumerated in section 215, farm loans shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) To be eligible for a farm loan the applicant shall derive, or present an acceptable plan to derive, a major portion of the applicant's income from farming;

(2) Farm loans made for the purpose of soil and water conservation shall not exceed \$20,000 and shall be for a term not to exceed ten years;

(3) Subsidies and grants or cost-sharing funds entitled and received by the lessee for soil and water conservation purposes shall be assigned to the department for the repayment of the outstanding farm indebtedness; and

(4) The lessee shall carry out recommended farm management practices approved by a qualified agricultural agency.

The department may create an account within this fund to support the guarantee of repayment of loans made by government agencies or private lending institutions to a holder of a lease under section 207(a) or license issued under section 207(c)(1) (B).

The department may create an account within this fund for moneys borrowed from government agencies or private lending institutions to be used for any of the purposes enumerated in section 214. Installments of principal and that part of the interest equal to the interest charged to the department by the lender paid by the lessees on the loans made to them from this account shall be deposited into the same account. Any additional interest or other earnings arising out of investments from this account shall be credited to and deposited into the Hawaiian home receipts fund.

(d) There are established in the treasury of the State four trust funds, to be known respectively as the Hawaiian home operating fund, the Hawaiian home receipts fund, the Hawaiian home trust fund, and the native Hawaiian rehabilitation fund and one special fund to be known as the Hawaiian home administration account.

(e) Hawaiian home operating fund. The interest transferred from the Hawaiian home loan fund, all moneys received by the department from any other source, and moneys transferred from the Hawaiian home receipts fund, shall be deposited into the Hawaiian home operating fund. The moneys in this fund, without the prior written approval of the governor, shall be available:

(1) For construction and reconstruction of revenue-producing improvements intended to serve principally occupants of Hawaiian home lands, including acquisition or lease therefor of real property and interests therein, such as water rights or other interests;

(2) For payment into the treasury of the State of such amounts as are necessary to meet the interest and principal charges for state bonds issued for such revenue-producing improvements;

(3) For operation and maintenance of such improvements constructed from such funds or other funds;

(4) For the purchase of water or other utilities,

goods, commodities, supplies, or equipment needed for services, or to be resold, rented, or furnished on a charge basis to occupants of Hawaiian home lands; and

(5) For appraisals, studies, consultants (including architects and engineers), or any other staff services including those in section 202(b) required to plan, implement, develop, or operate these projects.

The moneys in this fund may be supplemented by other funds available for or appropriated by the legislature for the same purposes. In addition to such moneys, this fund, with the approval of the governor, may be supplemented by transfers, made on a loan basis from the Hawaiian home loan fund for a period not exceeding ten years; provided that the aggregate amount of such transfers outstanding at any one time shall not exceed \$500,000.

In addition, moneys of this fund shall be made available with the prior written approval of the governor for offsite improvements and development necessary to serve present and future occupants of Hawaiian home lands; for improvements, additions, and repairs to all assets owned or leased by the department excluding structures or improvements that the department is obligated to acquire under section 209; for engineering, architectural, and planning services to maintain and develop properties; for such consultant services as may be contracted for under this Act; for purchase or lease of necessary equipment; for acquisition or lease of real property and interest therein; and for improvements constructed for the benefit of beneficiaries of this Act and not otherwise permitted in the various loan funds or the administration account.

(f) Hawaiian home administration account. The entire receipts derived from any leasing or other disposition of the available lands pursuant to section [204(a)(2)] and transfers from the Hawaiian home receipts fund shall be deposited into this account. Any interest or other earnings arising out of investments from this fund shall be credited to and deposited into this fund. The moneys in this account shall be expended by the department for salaries and other administration expenses of the department in conformity with general law applicable to all departments of the State, and no sums shall be expended for structures and other permanent improvements. This account shall

be subject to the following conditions and requirements:

(1) The department, when required by the governor but not later than November 15 preceding each regular session of the legislature, shall submit to the state director of finance its budget estimates of expenditures for the next fiscal period in the manner required by general law;

(2) The department's budget as approved by the governor shall be included in the governor's budget report and shall be transmitted to the legislature for its approval;

(3) Upon legislative approval of a budget, the amount appropriated shall be made available to the department. If no budget is approved by the legislature prior to its adjournment, sums accruing to this account shall not be expended for any other purpose but shall remain available for future use. Any amount in this account which is in excess of the amount approved by the legislature or made available for the fiscal period may be transferred to the Hawaiian home operating fund.

(g) Hawaiian home receipts fund. All interest moneys from loans or investments received by the department from any fund except as provided for in each respective fund, shall be deposited into this fund. At the end of each quarter, all moneys in this fund may be transferred to the Hawaiian home operating fund, the Hawaiian home administration account, the Hawaiian home trust fund, and any loan fund in accordance with rules adopted by the department.

(h) Hawaiian home trust fund. Except for gifts, bequests, and other moneys given for designated purposes, moneys deposited into this fund shall be available for transfers into any other fund or account authorized by the Act or for any public purpose deemed by the commission to further the purposes of the Act. Public purpose, as used herein, includes the formation of an account within the Hawaiian home trust fund as a reserve for loans insured or guaranteed by the Federal Housing Administration, Department of Veterans Affairs, or any other federal agency and their respective successors and assigns, which are authorized to insure or guarantee loans. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the department is

expressly authorized to deposit the reserve for loans in any duly organized bank in the State or elsewhere in the United States with automatic fund transfer capabilities and at such reserve amounts as shall be reasonably required by the federal agencies as a condition for participation in their respective insurance or guarantee programs.

(i) Native Hawaiian rehabilitation fund. Pursuant to Article XII, Section 1, of the Hawaii Constitution, thirty per cent of the state receipts, derived from lands previously cultivated as sugarcane lands under any other provision of law and from water licenses, and fifteen per cent of all revenues from lease agreements granted lease extensions pursuant to section 228, shall be deposited into this fund. The department shall use this money for the rehabilitation of native Hawaiians, native Hawaiian families, and Hawaiian homestead communities, which shall include the educational, economic, political, social, and cultural processes by which the general welfare and conditions of native Hawaiians are thereby improved and perpetuated.

The native Hawaiian rehabilitation fund shall be subject to the following conditions:

(1) All moneys received by the fund shall be deposited into the state treasury and kept separate and apart from all other moneys in the state treasury;

(2) The director of finance shall serve as a custodian of the fund. All payments from the fund shall be made by the director of finance only upon vouchers approved by the commission;

(3) The commission shall develop guidelines for the investment of moneys in the fund;

(4) The commission may invest and reinvest in investments authorized by chapter 88, Hawaii Revised Statutes. The commission may hold, purchase, sell, assign, transfer, or dispose of any securities and investments in which any of the moneys shall have been invested, as well as the proceeds of such investments; and

(5) The commission may pay out of any of the moneys held for investment, a reasonable amount to any person for supplying investment advisory or consultive

services; and to meet such other costs incident to the prudent investment of moneys as the commission may approve.

Any payment of principal, interest, or other earnings arising out of the loan or investment of money from this fund shall be credited to and deposited into this fund.

Sections 214, 215, 216, and 217 shall not apply to administration of this fund. The department is authorized to adopt rules under chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, necessary to administer and carry out the purposes of this fund.

The department shall submit an annual report to the legislature and the United States Department of the Interior, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session of the legislature, beginning with the regular session of 2011, on expenditures from this fund that are derived from the amounts deposited from commercial and multipurpose project lease extensions pursuant to section 228(e), including the amount expended, the recipient of the moneys expended, and the purpose of the expenditure. [Am Feb. 3, 1923, c 56, §2, 42 Stat 1222; Mar. 7, 1928, c 142, §2, 45 Stat 246; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §4, 55 Stat 784; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §3, 62 Stat 390; Jul. 9, 1952, c 615, §§1, 2, 66 Stat 514; Aug. 21, 1958, Pub L 85-708, 72 Stat 705; am L 1959 1st, c 13, §2; am L 1961, c 183, §2; am L 1963, c 114, §5 and c 207, §§2, 5(a); am L 1965, c 4, §§1, 2; am L 1967, c 146, §3; am L 1969, c 114, §1 and c 259, §1; am L 1972, c 76, §1; am L 1973, c 130, §1 and c 220, §1; am L 1974, c 170, §1, c 172, §1, c 174, §1, c 175, §§2, 3, and c 176, §2; am L 1976, c 72, §1; am L 1978, c 229, §1; am Const Con 1978 and election Nov. 7, 1978; am L 1981, c 90, §4, c 158, §1, c 192, §1, and c 203, §1; am L 1982, c 274, §2; am L 1983, c 143, §1; am L 1984, c 260, §2; am L 1985, c 284, §2; am L 1986, c 249, §2; am L 1987, c 36, §4; am L 1993, c 145, §1; am L 1994, c 152, §§2, 6; am L 1998, c 27, §§1, 2; am L 2002, c 117, §1; am L 2010, c 187, §7]

### **Revision Note**

"Annual" and "fiscal period" substituted for "biennial" and "biennium" to conform to budgetary requirements under the Constitution. L Sp 1959 1st, c 13, made similar changes to

sections of RLH 1955.

In subsection (f), "204(a)(2)" substituted for "204(2)".

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Funds may not be used to subsidize nursery schools. Att. Gen. Op. 62-6.

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**§213.5. Establishment of special fund.** A separate special fund of the department shall be established for each undertaking or part thereof financed from the proceeds of revenue bonds equally secured. Each fund shall be designated "department of Hawaiian home lands revenue bond special fund" and bear any additional designation the department deems appropriate to properly identify the fund. Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, including any provision of this Act, from and after the issuance of revenue bonds under and pursuant to the provisions of this Act and part III of chapter 39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to finance an undertaking, all rentals, income, receipts, and other revenues derived by the department from the particular undertaking for which financing is undertaken shall be paid into the special fund established pursuant to this Act and applied in the manner and for the purposes set forth in part III of chapter 39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, and the proceedings authorizing the issuance of revenue bonds. [L 1989, c 283, pt of §2; ree L 1997, c 197, §7]

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**§213.6. Hawaiian home lands trust fund.** There is established a trust fund to be known as the Hawaiian home lands trust fund, into which shall be deposited all appropriations by the state legislature specified to be deposited therein. Moneys of the Hawaiian home lands trust fund shall be expended by the department, as provided by law, upon approval by the commission and shall be used for capital improvements and other purposes undertaken in furtherance of the Act. The department shall have a fiduciary responsibility toward the trust fund and shall provide annual reports therefor to the legislature and to the beneficiaries of the trust.

The commission may deposit moneys from the trust fund into depositories other than the state treasury and may manage, invest, and reinvest moneys in the trust fund. The commission may hold, purchase, sell, assign, transfer, or dispose of any securities and investments in which any of the moneys have been invested, as well as the proceeds of the investments. Moneys from the trust fund that are deposited into depositories other than the state treasury shall be exempt from the requirements of chapters 36 and 38. Any interest or other earnings arising out of investments from the trust fund shall be credited to and deposited into the trust fund. [L Sp 1995, c 14, §7; am L 2006, c 177, §1]

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**§214. Purposes of loans; authorized actions.** (a) The department may make loans from revolving funds to any lessee or native Hawaiian to whom, or any cooperative association to which, a lease has been issued under section 207(a) of this Act or a license has been issued under section 207(c)(1)(B) of this Act. Such loans may be made for the following purposes:

(1) The repair or maintenance or purchase or erection of dwellings on any tract, and the undertaking of other permanent improvements thereon;

(2) The purchase of livestock, swine, poultry, fowl, aquaculture stock, and farm and aquaculture equipment;

(3) Otherwise assisting in the development of tracts and of farm, ranch, and aquaculture operations, including:

(A) The initial and on-going development, improvement, operation, and expansion of homestead farms, ranches, and aquaculture enterprises;

(B) The liquidation of indebtedness incurred for any of the foregoing purposes relating to farm loans aged less than five years;

(C) The payment of normal and reasonable living expenses of a full-time farmer;

(D) The planning, layout, and installation of soil and water conservation practices; and

(E) Providing relief and rehabilitation to homestead farmers and ranchers due to damage by rain and windstorms, droughts, tidal wave, earthquake, volcanic eruption, and other natural catastrophes, and for livestock disease, epidemics, crop blights, and serious effects of prolonged shipping and dock strikes;

(4) The cost of breaking up, planting, and cultivating land and harvesting crops, the cost of excavating or constructing aquaculture ponds and tanks, the purchase of seeds, fertilizers, feeds, insecticides, medicines, and chemicals for disease and pest control for animals, fish, shellfish, and crops, and the related supplies required for farm, ranch, and aquaculture operations, the erection of fences and other permanent

improvements for farm, ranch, and aquaculture purposes and the expense of marketing; and

(5) To assist licensees in the operation or erection of theaters, garages, service stations, markets, stores, and other mercantile establishments, all of which shall be owned by native Hawaiians or by organizations formed and controlled by native Hawaiians.

(b) In addition the department may:

(1) Use moneys in the Hawaiian home operating fund, with the prior approval of the governor, to match federal, state, or county funds available for the same purposes and to that end, enter into an undertaking, agree to conditions, transfer funds therein available for expenditure, and do and perform other acts and things, as may be necessary or required, as a condition to securing matching funds for the department's projects or works;

(2) Loan or guarantee the repayment of or otherwise underwrite any authorized loan or portion thereof to lessees in accordance with section 215;

(3) Loan or guarantee the repayment of or otherwise underwrite any authorized loan or portion thereof to a cooperative association in accordance with section 215;

(4) Permit and approve loans made to lessees by government agencies or private lending institutions, where the department assures the payment of these loans; provided that upon receipt of notice of default in the payment of the assured loans, the department may, upon failure of the lessee to cure the default within sixty days, cancel the lease and pay the outstanding balance in full or may permit the new lessee to assume the outstanding debt; and provided further that the department shall reserve the following rights:

(A) The right of succession to the lessee's interest and assumption of the contract of loan;

(B) The right to require that written notice be given to the department immediately upon default or delinquency of the lessee; and

(C) Any other rights enumerated at the time of assurance necessary to protect the monetary and other interests of the department;

(5) Secure, pledge, or otherwise guarantee the repayment of moneys borrowed by the department from government agencies or private lending institutions and pay the interim interest or advances required for loans; provided that the State's liability, contingent or otherwise, either on moneys borrowed by the department or on departmental guarantees of loans made to lessees under this paragraph and paragraphs (2), (3), and (4) of this subsection, shall at no time exceed \$100,000,000; the department's guarantee of repayment shall be adequate security for a loan under any state law prescribing the nature, amount, or form of security or requiring security upon which loans may be made;

(6) Use available loan fund moneys or other funds specifically available for guarantee purposes as cash guarantees when required by lending agencies;

(7) Exercise the functions and reserved rights of a lender of money or mortgagee of residential property in all direct loans made by government agencies or by private lending institutions to lessees the repayment of which is assured by the department. The functions and reserved rights shall include but not be limited to, the purchasing, repurchasing, servicing, selling, foreclosing, buying upon foreclosure, guaranteeing the repayment, or otherwise underwriting, of any loan, the protecting of security interest, and after foreclosures, the repairing, renovating, or modernization and sale of property covered by the loan and mortgage;

(8) Pledge receivables of loan accounts outstanding as collateral to secure loans made by government agencies or private lending institutions to the department, the proceeds of which shall be used by the department to make new loans to lessees or to finance the development of available lands for purposes permitted by this Act; provided that any loan agreement entered into under this paragraph by the department shall include a provision that the money borrowed by the

department is not secured directly or indirectly by the full faith and credit or the general credit of the State or by any revenues or taxes of the State other than the receivables specifically pledged to repay the loan; provided further that in making loans or developing available lands out of money borrowed under this paragraph, the department may establish, revise, charge, and collect fees, premiums, and charges as necessary, reasonable, or convenient, to assure repayment of the funds borrowed, and the fees, premiums, and charges shall be deposited into the Hawaiian home trust fund; and provided further that no moneys of the Hawaiian home loan fund may be pledged as security under this paragraph; and

(9) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Act to the contrary, transfer into the Hawaiian home trust fund any available and unpledged moneys from any loan funds, the Hawaiian loan guarantee fund, or any fund or account succeeding thereto, except the Hawaiian home loan fund, for use as cash guarantees or reserves when required by a federal agency authorized to insure or guarantee loans to lessees. [Am L 1962, c 14, §3; am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1969, c 259, §2; am L 1972, c 76, §2; am L 1978, c 229, §2; am L 1979, c 209, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §5 and c 203, §2; am L 1986, c 85, §1 and c 249, §3; am L 1987, c 283, §1; am L 1989, c 28, §1; am L 1996, c 232, §1; am L 2011, c 114, §1]

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**§215. Conditions of loans.** [See also amendment of

*section below.*] Except as otherwise provided in section 213 (c), each contract of loan with the lessee or any successor or successors to the lessee's interest in the tract or with any agricultural, mercantile, or aquacultural cooperative association composed entirely of lessees shall be held subject to the following conditions whether or not stipulated in the contract loan:

(1) At any time, the outstanding amount of loans made to any lessee, or successor or successors in interest, for the repair, maintenance, purchase, and erection of a dwelling and related permanent improvements shall not exceed fifty per cent of the maximum single residence loan amount allowed in Hawaii by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's Federal Housing Administration (FHA), for the development and operation of a farm, ranch, or aquaculture operation shall not exceed \$200,000, except that when loans are made to an agricultural or aquacultural cooperative association for the purposes stated in section 214(a)(4), the loan limit shall be determined by the department on the basis of the proposed operations and the available security of the association, and for the development and operation of a mercantile establishment shall not exceed the loan limit determined by the department on the basis of the proposed operations and the available security of the lessee or of the organization formed and controlled by lessees; provided that upon the death of a lessee leaving no relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, or the cancellation of a lease by the department, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the department shall make the payment provided for by section 209(a), the amount of any such payment shall be considered as part or all, as the case may be, of any such loan to the successor or successors, without limitation as to the above maximum amounts; provided further that in case of the death of a lessee, or cancellation of a lease by the department, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the successor or

successors to the tract shall assume any outstanding loan or loans thereon, if any, without limitation as to the above maximum amounts but subject to paragraph (3).

(2) The loans shall be repaid in periodic installments, such installments to be monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual as may be determined by the department in each case. The term of any loan shall not exceed thirty years. Payments of any sum in addition to the required installments, or payment of the entire amount of the loan, may be made at any time within the term of the loan. All unpaid balances of principal shall bear interest at the rate of two and one-half per cent a year for loans made directly from the Hawaiian home loan fund, or at the rate of two and one-half per cent or higher as established by law for other loans, payable periodically or upon demand by the department, as the department may determine. The payment of any installment due shall be postponed in whole or in part by the department for such reasons as it deems good and sufficient and until such later date as it deems advisable. Such postponed payments shall continue to bear interest on the unpaid principal at the rate established for the loan.

(3) In the case of the death of a lessee the department shall, in any case, permit the successor or successors to the tract to assume the contract of loan subject to paragraph (1). In case of the cancellation of a lease by the department or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the department may, at its option declare all installments upon the loan immediately due and payable, or permit the successor or successors to the tract to assume the contract of loan subject to paragraph (1). The department may, in such cases where the successor or successors to the tract assume the contract of loan, waive the payment, wholly or in part, of interest already due and delinquent upon the loan, or postpone the payment of any installment thereon, wholly or in part, until such later dates as it deems advisable. Such postponed payments shall, however, continue to bear interest on the unpaid principal at the

rate established for the loan. Further, the department may, if it deems it advisable and for the best interests of the lessees, write off and cancel, wholly or in part, the contract of loan of the deceased lessee, or previous lessee, as the case may be, where such loans are delinquent and deemed uncollectible. Such write off and cancellation shall be made only after an appraisal of all improvements and growing crops or improvements and aquaculture stock, as the case may be, on the tract involved, such appraisal to be made in the manner and as provided for by section 209(a). In every case, the amount of such appraisal, or any part thereof, shall be considered as part or all, as the case may be, of any loan to such successor or successors, subject to paragraph (1).

(4) No part of the moneys loaned shall be devoted to any purpose other than those for which the loan is made.

(5) The borrower or the successor to the borrower's interest shall comply with such other conditions, not in conflict with any provision of this Act, as the department may stipulate in the contract of loan.

(6) The borrower or the successor to the borrower's interest shall comply with the conditions enumerated in section 208, and with section 209 of this Act in respect to the lease of any tract.

(7) Whenever the department shall determine that a borrower is delinquent in the payment of any indebtedness to the department, it may require such borrower to execute an assignment to it, not to exceed, however, the amount of the total indebtedness of such borrower, including the indebtedness to others the payment of which has been assured by the department of all moneys due or to become due to such borrower by reason of any agreement or contract, collective or otherwise, to which the borrower is a party. Failure to execute such an assignment when requested by the department shall be sufficient ground for cancellation of the borrower's lease or interest therein. [Am Feb. 3,

1923, c 56, §3, 42 Stat 1222; Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 505; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §5, 55 Stat 785; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §§4, 5, 62 Stat 392; Jul. 9, 1952, c 615, §§3, 4, 66 Stat 514; am L 1962, c 14, §4 and c 18, §2; am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 3; am L 1968, c 29, §2; am L 1972, c 76, §3; am L 1974, c 173, §1; am L 1976, c 72, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §6, c 112, §3, and c 203, §3; am L 1982, c 274, §3; am L 1987, c 36, §2; am L 1989, c 28, §2; am L 1997, c 197, §8; am L 2008, c 85, §1]

### Revision Note

"Section 213(c)" substituted for "section 213(a)(2)".

**§215. Conditions of loans.** [Text of section as amended subject to consent of Congress. L 2000, c 107, §3. For current provisions, see above.] Except as otherwise provided in section 213(c), each contract of loan with the lessee or any successor or successors to the lessee's interest in the tract or with any agricultural, mercantile, or aquacultural cooperative association composed entirely of lessees shall be held subject to the following conditions whether or not stipulated in the contract loan:

(1) At any time, the outstanding amount of loans made to any lessee, or successor or successors in interest, for the repair, maintenance, purchase, and erection of a dwelling and related permanent improvements shall not exceed fifty per cent of the maximum single residence loan amount allowed in Hawaii by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's Federal Housing Administration (FHA), for the development and operation of a farm, ranch, or aquaculture operation shall not exceed \$50,000, except that when loans are made to an agricultural or aquacultural cooperative association for the purposes stated in section 214(a)(4), the loan limit shall be determined by the department on the basis of the proposed operations and the available security of the association, and for the development and operation of a mercantile establishment shall not exceed the loan limit

determined by the department on the basis of the proposed operations and the available security of the lessee or of the organization formed and controlled by lessees; provided that upon the death of a lessee leaving no relative qualified to be a lessee of Hawaiian home lands, or the cancellation of a lease by the department, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the department shall make the payment provided for by section 209(a), the amount of any such payment shall be considered as part or all, as the case may be, of any such loan to the successor or successors, without limitation as to the above maximum amounts; provided further that in case of the death of a lessee, or cancellation of a lease by the department, or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the successor or successors to the tract shall assume any outstanding loan or loans thereon, if any, without limitation as to the above maximum amounts but subject to paragraph (3).

(2) The loans shall be repaid in periodic installments, such installments to be monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual as may be determined by the department in each case. The term of any loan shall not exceed thirty years. Payments of any sum in addition to the required installments, or payment of the entire amount of the loan, may be made at any time within the term of the loan. All unpaid balances of principal shall bear interest at the rate of two and one-half per cent or higher as established by rule adopted by the department, payable periodically or upon demand by the department, as the department may determine. The payment of any installment due shall be postponed in whole or in part by the department for such reasons as it deems good and sufficient and until such later date as it deems advisable. Such postponed payments shall continue to bear interest on the unpaid principal at the rate established for the loan.

(3) In the case of the death of a lessee the department shall, in any case, permit the successor or successors to the tract to assume the contract of loan subject to paragraph (1). In case of the cancellation

of a lease by the department or the surrender of a lease by the lessee, the department may, at its option declare all installments upon the loan immediately due and payable, or permit the successor or successors to the tract to assume the contract of loan subject to paragraph (1). The department may, in such cases where the successor or successors to the tract assume the contract of loan, waive the payment, wholly or in part, of interest already due and delinquent upon the loan, or postpone the payment of any installment thereon, wholly or in part, until such later dates as it deems advisable. Such postponed payments shall, however, continue to bear interest on the unpaid principal at the rate established for the loan. Further, the department may, if it deems it advisable and for the best interests of the lessees, write off and cancel, wholly or in part, the contract of loan of the deceased lessee, or previous lessee, as the case may be, where such loans are delinquent and deemed uncollectible. Such write off and cancellation shall be made only after an appraisal of all improvements and growing crops or improvements and aquaculture stock, as the case may be, on the tract involved, such appraisal to be made in the manner and as provided for by section 209(a). In every case, the amount of such appraisal, or any part thereof, shall be considered as part or all, as the case may be, of any loan to such successor or successors, subject to paragraph (1).

(4) No part of the moneys loaned shall be devoted to any purpose other than those for which the loan is made.

(5) The borrower or the successor to the borrower's interest shall comply with such other conditions, not in conflict with any provision of this Act, as the department may stipulate in the contract of loan.

(6) The borrower or the successor to the borrower's interest shall comply with the conditions enumerated in section 208, and with section 209 of this Act in respect to the lease of any tract.

(7) Whenever the department shall determine that a borrower is delinquent in the payment of any indebtedness to the department, it may require such borrower to execute an assignment to it, not to exceed, however, the amount of the total indebtedness of such borrower, including the indebtedness to others the payment of which has been assured by the department of all moneys due or to become due to such borrower by reason of any agreement or contract, collective or otherwise, to which the borrower is a party. Failure to execute such an assignment when requested by the department shall be sufficient ground for cancellation of the borrower's lease or interest therein. [Am Feb. 3, 1923, c 56, §3, 42 Stat 1222; Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 505; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §5, 55 Stat 785; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §§4, 5, 62 Stat 392; Jul. 9, 1952, c 615, §§3, 4, 66 Stat 514; am L 1962, c 14, §4 and c 18, §2; am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 3; am L 1968, c 29, §2; am L 1972, c 76, §3; am L 1974, c 173, §1; am L 1976, c 72, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §6, c 112, §3, and c 203, §3; am L 1982, c 274, §3; am L 1987, c 36, §2; am L 1989, c 28, §2; am L 1997, c 197, §8; am L 2000, c 107, §1]

### **Note**

The L 2008, c 85, §1 amendment to this section shall not be repealed when L 2000, c 107 takes effect with the consent of Congress. L 2008, c 85, §3.

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**§216. Insurance by borrowers; acceleration of loans; lien and enforcement thereof.** (a) The department may require the borrower to insure, in such amount as the department may prescribe, any livestock, aquaculture stock, swine, poultry, fowl, machinery, equipment, dwellings, and permanent improvements purchased or constructed out of any moneys loaned or assured by the department; or, in lieu thereof, the department may directly take out such insurance and add the cost thereof to the amount of principal payable under the loan.

(b) Whenever the department has reason to believe that the borrower has violated any condition enumerated in paragraph (2), (4), (5), or (6) of section 215 of this Act, the department shall give due notice and afford opportunity for a hearing to the borrower or the successor or successors to his interest, as the case demands. If upon such hearing the department finds that the borrower has violated the condition, the department may declare all principal and interest of the loan immediately due and payable notwithstanding any provision in the contract of loan to the contrary.

(c) The department shall have a first lien upon the borrower's or lessee's interest in any lease, growing crops, aquacultural stock, either on his tract or share in any collective contract or program, livestock, swine, poultry, fowl, aquaculture stock, machinery, and equipment purchased with moneys loaned by the department, and in any dwellings or other permanent improvements on any leasehold tract, to the amount of all principal and interest due and unpaid and of all taxes and insurance and improvements paid by the department, and any other indebtedness of the borrower, the payment of which has been assured by the department. Such lien shall have priority over any other obligation for which the property subject to the lien may be security.

(d) The department may, subject to this Act and procedures established by rule, enforce any lien by declaring the borrower's interest in the property subject to the lien to be forfeited, any lease held by the borrower canceled, and shall thereupon order such leasehold premises vacated and the property subject to the lien surrendered within a reasonable time. The right to the use and occupancy of the Hawaiian home lands contained in such lease shall thereupon revert in the

department, and the department may take possession of the premises covered therein and the improvements and growing crops or improvements and aquaculture stock thereon; provided that the department shall pay to the borrower any difference which may be due him after the appraisal provided for in section 209 has been made. [Am Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 506; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §6, 62 Stat 393; am L 1962, c 14, §5; am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1967, c 146, §4; am L 1978, c 229, §3; am L 1981, c 90, §7]

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**§217. Ejectment, when; loan to new lessee for**

**improvements.** In case the lessee or borrower or the successor to an interest in the tract, as the case may be, fails to comply with any order issued by the department under the provisions of section 210 or 216 of this title, the department may:

(1) Bring action of ejectment or other appropriate proceeding; or

(2) Invoke the aid of the circuit court of the State for the judicial circuit in which the tract designated in the department's order is situated. Such court may thereupon order the lessee or the lessee's successor to comply with the order of the department. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by it as contempt thereof. Any tract forfeited under the provisions of section 210 or 216 of this title may be again leased by the department as authorized by the provisions of section 207 of this title, except that the value, in the opinion of the department, of all improvements made in respect to such tract by the original lessee or any successor to an interest therein shall constitute a loan by the department to the new lessee. Such loan shall be subject to the provisions of this section and sections 215, except paragraph (1), and 216 to the same extent as loans made by the department from the Hawaiian loan fund. [Am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 5 (a); am L 1997, c 197, §9]

**Case Notes**

Cannot be construed to authorize seizure of lessee's property without service of summons, time to answer, and opportunity to present evidence and be heard. 68 H. 466, 719 P.2d 397.

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**§218. REPEALED.** L 1967, c 146, §5.

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**§219. Agricultural and aquacultural experts.** The department is authorized to employ agricultural and aquacultural experts at such compensation and in such number as it deems necessary. It shall be the duty of such agricultural and aquacultural experts to instruct and advise the lessee of any tract or the successor to the lessee's interest therein as to the best methods of diversified farming and stock raising and aquaculture operations and such other matters as will tend successfully to accomplish the purposes of this title. [Am L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §8; am L 1982, c 275, §1]

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**§219.1. General assistance.**

(a) The department is authorized to carry on any activities it deems necessary to assist the lessees in obtaining maximum utilization of the leased lands, including taking any steps necessary to develop these lands for their highest and best use commensurate with the purposes for which the land is being leased as provided for in section 207, and assisting the lessees in all phases of farming, ranching, and aquaculture operations and the marketing of their agricultural [or] aquacultural produce and livestock.

(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the department either alone or together with any other governmental agency, may:

(1) Form an insurance company, association (nonprofit or otherwise), pool, or trust;

(2) Acquire an existing insurance company;

(3) Enter into arrangements with one or more insurance companies; or

(4) Undertake any combination of the foregoing; upon such terms and conditions and for such periods, as the commission shall approve, to provide homeowner protection, including hurricane coverage, for lessees participating in such undertaking. Such undertaking shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 431P, including but not limited to section 431P-10(b), and chapter 431.

(c) The department, if experiencing any of the power as authorized under subsection (b) may:

(1) Issue revenue bonds under and pursuant to part III of chapter 39, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to establish necessary reserves to provide for the payment of claims in excess of reserves and for other related purposes; or to pay any liability incurred that is self-insured or uninsured by the commission including without limitations, liabilities for damage to property, comprehensive liability, environmental, or other losses; and

(2) Invest funds held in reserve, which are not required for immediate disbursement, in property or securities in which savings banks may legally invest funds subject to their control or as the commission may

authorize by resolution. [L 1962, c 14, §6; am imp L 1963, c 207, §2; am L 1981, c 90, §9; am L 1993, c 339, §7]

### **Revision Note**

In subsection (a), "or" substituted for "of".

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**§220. Development projects; appropriations by legislature; bonds issued by legislature; mandatory reservation of water.**

(a) Subject to subsection (d), the department is authorized directly to undertake and carry on general water and other development projects in respect to Hawaiian home lands and to undertake other activities having to do with the economic and social welfare of the homesteaders, including the authority to derive revenue from the sale, to others than homesteaders, of water and other products of such projects or activities, or from the enjoyment thereof by others than homesteaders, where such sale of products or enjoyment of projects or activities by others does not interfere with the proper performance of the duties of the department; provided that roads through or over Hawaiian home lands, other than federal-aid highways and roads, shall be maintained by the county in which the particular road or roads to be maintained are located.

(b) The legislature is authorized to appropriate out of the treasury of the State such sums as it deems necessary to augment the funds of the department and to provide the department with funds sufficient to execute and carry on such projects and activities. The legislature is further authorized to issue bonds to the extent required to yield the amount of any sums so appropriated for the payment of which, if issued for revenue-producing improvements, the department shall provide, as set forth in section 213.

(c) To enable the construction of irrigation projects which will service Hawaiian home lands, either exclusively or in conjunction with other lands served by such projects, the department is authorized, with the approval of the governor, and subject to subsection (d), to:

(1) Grant to the board of land and natural resources, or to any other agency of the government of the State or the United States undertaking the construction and operation of such irrigation projects, licenses for rights-of-way for pipelines, tunnels, ditches, flumes, and other water conveying facilities, reservoirs, and other storage facilities, and for the development and use of water appurtenant to Hawaiian home lands;

(2) Exchange available lands for public lands, as

provided in section 204 of this Act, for sites for reservoirs and subsurface water development wells and shafts;

(3) Request any such irrigation agency to organize irrigation projects for Hawaiian home lands and to transfer irrigation facilities constructed by the department to any such irrigation agency;

(4) Agree to pay the tolls and assessments made against community pastures for irrigation water supplied to such pastures; and

(5) Agree to pay the costs of construction of projects constructed for Hawaiian home lands at the request of the department, in the event the assessments paid by the homesteaders upon lands are not sufficient to pay such costs;

provided that licenses for rights-of-way for the purposes and in the manner specified in this section may be granted for a term of years longer than is required for amortization of the costs of the project or projects requiring use of such rights-of-way only if authority for such longer grant is approved by an act of the legislature of the State. Such payments shall be made from, and be a charge against the Hawaiian home operating fund.

(d) For projects pursuant to this section, sufficient water shall be reserved for current and foreseeable domestic, stock water, aquaculture, and irrigation activities on tracts leased to native Hawaiians pursuant to section 207(a). [Am Jul. 10, 1937, c 482, 50 Stat 507; Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §6, 55 Stat 786; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §7, 62 Stat 393; Aug. 1, 1956, c 855, §1, 70 Stat 915; am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 5(a); am L 1986, c 249, §4; am L 1991, c 325, §2]

### **Cross References**

Bond issues, see Organic Act, §55 and HRS chapters 39, 47, and 49.

Water or irrigation projects, see §§167-13, 167-14; §174-13.

### **Attorney General Opinions**

Lien on lands as security for improvement bonds is not

authorized. Att. Gen. Op. 63-25.

## Law Journals and Reviews

Native Hawaiian Homestead Water Reservation Rights: Providing Good Living Conditions for Native Hawaiian Homesteaders. 25 UH L. Rev. 85.

### Case Notes

Pursuant to article XI, §§1 and 7 of the Hawaii constitution, subsection (d) of this Act, and §174C-101(a), a reservation of water constitutes a public trust purpose. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

Where commission on water resource management failed to render the requisite findings of fact and conclusions of law with respect to whether applicant had satisfied its burden as mandated by the state water code, it violated its public trust duty to protect the department of Hawaiian home lands' reservation rights under the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, the state water code, the state constitution, and the public trust doctrine in balancing the various competing interests in the state water resources trust. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

Where commission on water resource management refused to permit cross examination of water use applicant's oceanography expert regarding the limu population along the shoreline, in effect precluding the commission from effectively balancing the applicant's proposed private commercial use of water against an enumerated public trust purpose, the commission failed adequately to discharge its public trust duty to protect native Hawaiians' traditional and customary gathering rights, as guaranteed by this section, article XII, §7 of the Hawaii constitution, and §174C-101. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

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**§220.5. Development by contract; development by project developer agreement.** (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the department is authorized to enter into and carry out contracts to develop available lands for homestead, commercial, and multipurpose projects; provided that the department shall not be subject to the requirements of competitive bidding if no state funds are to be used in the development of the project.

(b) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the department is authorized to enter into project developer agreements with qualified developers for, or in connection with, any homestead, commercial, or multipurpose project, or portion of any project; provided that prior to entering into a project developer agreement with a developer, the department shall:

(1) Set by appraisal the minimum rental of the lands to be disposed of on the basis of the fair market value of the lands;

(2) Give notice of the proposed disposition in accordance with applicable procedures and requirements of section 171-60(a)(3), Hawaii Revised Statutes;

(3) Establish reasonable criteria for the selection of the private developer; and

(4) Determine within forty-five days of the last day for filing applications the applicant or applicants who meet the criteria for selection, and notify all applicants of its determination within seven days of such determination. If only one applicant meets the criteria for selection as the developer, the department then may negotiate the details of the project developer agreement with the developer; provided that the terms of the project developer agreement shall not be less than those proposed by the developer in the application. If two or more applicants meet the criteria for selection, the department shall consider all of the relevant facts of the disposition or contract, the proposals submitted by each applicant, and the experience and financial capability of each applicant and, within forty-five days from the date of selection of the applicants that met the criteria, shall select the applicant who submitted the best proposal. The department then may negotiate

the details of the disposition with the developer, including providing benefits to promote native Hawaiian socio-economic advancement; provided that the terms of the project developer agreement shall not be less than those proposed by the developer in the application.

(c) Any project developer agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall include the following terms and conditions, wherever appropriate:

(1) A requirement that the developer file with the department a good and sufficient bond conditioned upon the full and faithful performance of all the terms, covenants, and conditions of the project developer agreement;

(2) The use or uses to which the land will be put;

(3) The dates on which the developer must submit to the department for approval preliminary plans and final plans and specifications for the total development. No construction shall commence until the department has approved the final plans and specifications; provided that construction on an incremental basis may be permitted by the department;

(4) The date of completion of the total development, including the date of completion of any permitted incremental development;

(5) The minimum requirements for off-site and on-site improvements that the developer must install, construct, and complete by the date of completion of the total development. The department may permit incremental development and establish the minimum requirements for off-site and on-site improvements that must be installed, constructed, and completed prior to the date of completion of the total development; and

(6) Any other terms and conditions deemed necessary by the department to protect the interests of the State and the department.

(d) Any project developer agreement entered into pursuant to this section may provide for options for renewal of the term of the project developer agreement; provided that:

(1) The term of any one project developer agreement shall not exceed sixty-five years;

(2) Any lands disposed of under a project developer agreement shall be subject to withdrawal at any time during the term of the agreement, with reasonable notice; and

(3) The rental shall be reduced in proportion to the value of the portion withdrawn and the developer shall be entitled to receive from the department the proportionate value of the developer's permanent improvements so taken in the proportion that they bear to the unexpired term of the agreement, with the value of the permanent improvements determined on the basis of fair market value or depreciated value, whichever is less; or the developer, in the alternative, may remove and relocate the developer's improvements to the remainder of the lands occupied by the developer.

(e) The project developer agreement may permit the developer, after the developer has completed construction of any required off-site improvement, to assign or sublease with the department's approval portions of the leased lands in which the construction of any required off-site improvement has been completed to a purchaser or sublessee who shall assume the obligations of the developer relative to the parcel being assigned or subleased, including the construction of any on-site improvement. The department may permit a developer to share in the lease rent from the assigned lease for a fixed period in order to recover costs and profit.

(f) Whenever the department enters into a project developer agreement to develop a homestead project, the department shall provide for the purchase of the completed project or that portion of a completed project developed for disposition to native Hawaiians, and shall dispose of the lands in accordance with this Act; provided that the project developer agreement shall not encumber any existing homestead lease in the project area.

(g) As used in this section, the following words and terms shall have the following meanings unless the context indicates another or different meaning or intent:

"Commercial project" means a project or that portion of a multipurpose project, including single-family or multiple-family residential, agricultural, pastoral, aquacultural, industrial,

business, hotel and resort, or other commercial uses designed and intended to generate revenues as authorized by this Act;

"Developer" means any person, partnership, cooperative, firm, nonprofit or for-profit corporation, or public agency possessing the competence, expertise, experience, and resources, including financial, personal, and tangible resources, required to carry out a project;

"Homestead project" means a project or that portion of a multipurpose project, including residential, agricultural, pastoral, or aquacultural uses designed and intended for disposition to native Hawaiians under this Act; provided that this term shall also include community facilities for homestead areas;

"Multipurpose project" means a combination of a commercial project and a homestead project;

"Project" means a specific undertaking to develop, construct, reconstruct, rehabilitate, renovate, or to otherwise improve or enhance land or real property;

"Project developer agreement" means any lease, sublease, conditional leasing agreement, disposition agreement, financing agreement, or other agreement or combination of agreement, entered into under this section by the department, for the purpose of developing one or more projects.

(h) The department is authorized to adopt rules in accordance with chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to implement and carry out the purposes of this section. [L 1986, c 84, §1; am L 1993, c 146, §1]

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**§221. Water.** (a) When used in this section:

(1) The term "water license" means any license issued by the board of land and natural resources granting to any person the right to the use of government-owned water; and

(2) The term "surplus water" means so much of any government-owned water covered by a water license or so much of any privately owned water as is in excess of the quantity required for the use of the licensee or owner, respectively.

(b) All water licenses issued after the passage of this Act shall be deemed subject to the condition, whether or not stipulated in the license, that the licensee shall, upon the demand of the department, grant to it the right to use, free of all charge, any water which the department deems necessary adequately to supply the livestock, aquaculture operations, agriculture operations, or domestic needs of individuals upon any tract.

(c) In order adequately to supply livestock, the aquaculture operations, the agriculture operations, or the domestic needs of individuals upon any tract, the department is authorized (1) to use, free of all charge, government-owned water not covered by any water license or covered by a water license issued after the passage of this Act or covered by a water license issued previous to the passage of this Act but containing a reservation of such water for the benefit of the public, and (2) to contract with any person for the right to use or to acquire, under eminent domain proceedings similar, as near as may be, to the proceedings provided in respect to land by sections 101-10 to 101-34, Hawaii Revised Statutes, the right to use any privately owned surplus water or any government-owned surplus water covered by a water license issued previous to the passage of this Act, but not containing a reservation of such water for the benefit of the public. Any such requirement shall be held to be for a public use and purpose. The department may institute the eminent domain proceedings in its own name.

(d) The department is authorized, for the additional purpose of adequately irrigating any tract, to use, free of all charge, government-owned surplus water tributary to the Waimea river upon the island of Kauai, not covered by a water license

or covered by a water license issued after July 9, 1921. Any water license issued after that date and covering any such government-owned water shall be deemed subject to the condition, whether or not stipulated therein, that the licensee shall, upon the demand of the department, grant to it the right to use, free of all charge, any of the surplus water tributary to the Waimea river upon the island of Kauai, which is covered by the license and which the department deems necessary for the additional purpose of adequately irrigating any tract.

Any funds which may be appropriated by Congress as a grant-in-aid for the construction of an irrigation and water utilization system on the island of Molokai designed to serve Hawaiian home lands, and which are not required to be reimbursed to the federal government, shall be deemed to be payment in advance by the department and lessees of the department of charges to be made to them for the construction of such system and shall be credited against such charges when made.

(e) All rights conferred on the department by this section to use, contract for, or acquire the use of water shall be deemed to include the right to use, contract for, or acquire the use of any ditch or pipeline constructed for the distribution and control of such water and necessary to such use by the department.

(f) Water systems in the exclusive control of the department shall remain under its exclusive control; provided that the department may negotiate an agreement to provide for the maintenance of the water system and the billing and collection of user fees. If any provision or the application of that provision is inconsistent with provisions contained in this section, this section shall control.

Water systems include all real and personal property together with all improvements to such systems acquired or constructed by the department for the distribution and control of water for domestic or agricultural use. [Am Aug. 1, 1956, c 855, §§2, 3, 70 Stat 915; am L 1963, c 207, §§2, 5(b); am Const Con 1978 and election Nov. 7, 1978; am L 1981, c 90, §10; am L 1984, c 36, §1; am L 1990, c 24, §1]

## **Cross References**

Board of land and natural resources empowered to prepare irrigation plans, see §§174-5, 174-6.

### **Law Journals and Reviews**

Native Hawaiian Homestead Water Reservation Rights: Providing Good Living Conditions for Native Hawaiian Homesteaders. 25 UH L. Rev. 85.

### **Case Notes**

Although the Hawaii administrative rules denominate aquifer-specific reservations of water to the department of Hawaiian home lands, such a limitation for purposes of water resource management does not divest the department of its right to protect its reservation interests from interfering water uses in adjacent aquifers. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

Insofar as the commission on water resource management, as the agency authorized to administer the state water code, determines the contents of the Hawaii water plan, which includes the designation of hydrologic units and sustainable yields, and the commission's "interpretation of its own rules is entitled to deference unless it is plainly erroneous or inconsistent with the underlying legislative purpose", it is within the commission's authority to limit reservations of water to specific aquifers. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

Where commission on water resource management failed to render the requisite findings of fact and conclusions of law with respect to whether applicant had satisfied its burden as mandated by the state water code, it violated its public trust duty to protect the department of Hawaiian home lands' reservation rights under the Hawaiian Homes Commission Act, the state water code, the state constitution, and the public trust doctrine in balancing the various competing interests in the state water resources trust. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

Where commission on water resource management's findings supporting its conclusion that the proposed use of water would not interfere with department of Hawaiian home lands' reservation rights under this section failed to address whether the proposed user had adduced sufficient evidence with respect to the impact of the proposed use on the department's

reservation in the adjacent aquifer system, commission erred in concluding that proposed user had met its burden under §174C-49 to obtain a water use permit. 103 H. 401, 83 P.3d 664.

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**§222. Administration.** (a) The department may make such expenditures and shall adopt rules in accordance with chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, as are necessary for the efficient execution of the functions vested in the department by this Act. All expenditures of the department and all moneys necessary for loans made by the department, in accordance with the provisions of this Act, shall be allowed and paid upon the presentation of itemized vouchers approved by the chairman of the commission or the chairman's designated representative. The department shall make an annual report to the legislature of the State upon the first day of each regular session and such special reports as the legislature may from time to time require. The chairman and members of the commission shall give bond as required by law. The sureties upon the bond and the conditions thereof shall be approved annually by the governor.

(b) When land originally leased by the department in accordance with chapter 171, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is, in turn, subleased by the department's lessee or sublessee, the department shall submit, upon the first day of the convening of any regular session, a written report to the legislature which shall cover the sublease transactions occurring in the fiscal year prior to the regular session and shall contain the names of the persons involved in the transaction, the size of the area under lease, the purpose of the lease, the land classification of the area under lease, the tax map key number, the lease rental, the reason for approval of the sublease by the department, and the estimated net economic result accruing to the department, lessee, and sublessee. [Am Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §7, 55 Stat 787; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §8, 62 Stat 394; am L 1963, c 207, §4; am L 1972, c 173, §1; am L 1977, c 174, §2; am L 1986, c 249, §5; am L 2001, c 110, §1]

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**§223. [Right of amendment, etc.]** The Congress of the United States reserves the right to alter, amend, or repeal the provisions of this title.

### **Cross References**

Amendment, see state const. art. XII.

### **Law Journals and Reviews**

The Lum Court and Native Hawaiian Rights. 14 UH L. Rev. 377.

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**§224. Sanitation and reclamation expert.** The Secretary of the Interior shall designate from his Department someone experienced in sanitation, rehabilitation, and reclamation work to reside in the State and cooperate with the department in carrying out its duties. The salary of such official so designated by the Secretary of the Interior shall be paid by the department while he is carrying on his duties in the State. [Add Jul. 26, 1935, c 420, §2, 49 Stat 505; am imp L 1963, c 207, §5 (a); am L 1976, c 120, §1]

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**§225. Investment of funds; disposition.** (a) The

department shall have the power and authority to invest and reinvest any of the moneys in any of its funds, not otherwise immediately needed for the purposes of the funds, in such bonds and securities as authorized by state law for the investment of state sinking fund moneys.

(b) (1) The department may receive, manage, and invest moneys or other property, real, personal or mixed, or any interest therein, which may be given, bequeathed, or devised, or in any manner received from sources other than the legislature or any federal appropriation, for the purposes of the Act.

(2) All moneys received by or on behalf of the department shall be deposited into the state treasury to be expended according to law and for purposes in accordance with the terms and conditions of the gift. All moneys shall be appropriated for purposes enumerated in such gifts and if no specific purpose is enumerated, shall be appropriated to the Hawaiian home trust fund.

(3) The department is authorized to sell, lease, or in any way manage such real, personal, or mixed property or any interest therein, in the manner and for the purposes enumerated in the gift. If no conditions are enumerated, the gift may be sold, leased, managed, or disposed of and the income or proceeds therefrom shall be deposited into the Hawaiian home trust fund.

(4) The real property or any interest therein received by the department through contributions or grants shall not attain the status of Hawaiian home lands as defined in section [201(a)].

(5) The department shall cause to be kept suitable books of account wherein shall be recorded each gift, the essential facts of the management thereof, and the expenditure of income.

(6) Any action to be taken with respect to gifts shall be made in a public meeting where any pertinent information and reasons for any decisions shall be fully disclosed. [Add Nov. 26, 1941, c 544, §8, 55 Stat 787; Jun. 14, 1948, c 464, §9, 62 Stat 394; am L 1963, c 207, §5(a); am L 1965, c 30, §1; am L 1978, c 229, §4; am L

1981, c 192, §2; am L 1983, c 143, §2]

### **Revision Note**

In subsection (a)(4), reference to "201(a)" substituted for "201(a)(5)".

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**§226. Qualification for federal programs.** The department shall be qualified to participate in any federal program that renders assistance in program areas that the department is mandated by the Act to implement. [L 1978, c 204, §1]

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**§227. Enterprise zones.** The department is authorized to participate in any federal or state program that permits the establishment of one or more enterprise zones on available lands, provided that participation in the program will result in economic benefits to native Hawaiians. The administration of the program shall be governed by rules adopted by the department in accordance with chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes. [L 1986, c 16, §2; ree L 1997, c 197, §10]

### **Cross References**

State enterprise zones, see chapter 209E.

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**[\$228.] Commercial and multipurpose project leases; extension of term.** (a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the procedures under this section shall apply to commercial and multipurpose projects under section 204 or 220.5, and shall be in addition to any other procedures required by law.

(b) Prior to the disposition of available land through a request for proposals for an initial lease for a commercial or multipurpose project, the department shall consult with beneficiaries of the trust in the master planning of the available lands. The process of beneficiary consultation shall be as established by the department and shall:

- (1) Engage beneficiaries and beneficiary-serving organizations;
- (2) Provide for the timely dissemination of information about the proposed project and the gathering of input; and
- (3) Allow for a reasonable time and reasonable access to relevant information for evaluation and consideration.

(c) Notwithstanding section 220.5(d)(1), the department may extend the term of a lease of Hawaiian home lands for commercial or multipurpose projects and with the approval by the department of a written agreement proposed by the lessee, or the lessee and developer, to:

- (1) Make improvements to the leased property; or
- (2) Obtain financing for the improvement of the leased lands.

The extension of the lease pursuant to this section shall be based upon the improvements made or to be made, shall be no longer than twenty years, and shall be granted only once.

(d) Before the written agreement is approved, the lessee, or the lessee and developer, shall submit to the department the plans and specifications for the proposed development. The department shall review the plans, specifications, and the written agreement and determine:

- (1) Whether the development is of sufficient value and meets the priorities of the commission to justify an extension of the lease;
- (2) The estimated time needed to complete the

improvements and expected date of completion of the improvements; and

(3) The minimum revised annual rent based on the fair market value of the lands to be developed, as determined by an appraiser for the department, and percentage rent where gross receipts exceed a specified amount.

The commission shall adopt and publish a policy pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, which shall be used to evaluate any request for a lease extension, including the terms of the lease, prospective payments, and renegotiation, and shall be used by the commission for any final determination on a lease extension request.

(e) Upon the extension of a lease term pursuant to subsection (c), the department shall deposit fifteen per cent of all revenues generated from the lease from the time the lease extension is granted, into the native Hawaiian rehabilitation fund under section 213(i).

(f) The department shall submit an annual report to the legislature and the United States Department of the Interior, no later than twenty days prior to the convening of each regular session, beginning with the regular session of 2011, of all leases of available lands for commercial and multipurpose projects, including the following:

- (1) The total number of leases;
- (2) Acreage of each lease;
- (3) Terms of each lease;
- (4) Whether the lessee is a beneficiary or beneficiary controlled organization; and
- (5) Whether the lease was for retained available lands not required for leasing under section 207(a), and was negotiated with a native Hawaiian, or organization or association owned or controlled by native Hawaiians, under section 204(a)(2).

(g) As used in this section, "improvements" means any renovation, rehabilitation, reconstruction, or construction of the property, including minimum requirements for off-site and on-site improvements. [L 2010, c 187, §6]

### **Note**

Deposits of revenue into lands trust fund and rehabilitation fund. L 2010, c 187, §9.

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**TITLE 3: AMENDMENTS TO HAWAIIAN  
ORGANIC ACT**

[See the Organic Act.]

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**TITLE 4: MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS**

**§401.** All Acts or parts of Acts, either of the Congress of the United States or of the State of Hawaii, to the extent that they are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed.

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**§402.** If any provision of this Act, or the application of such provision to certain circumstances, is held unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act and the application of such provision to circumstances other than those as to which it is held unconstitutional shall not be held invalidated thereby.

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**TITLE 5: HOMESTEAD GENERAL LEASING PROGRAM**

**§§501 to 516. REPEALED. L 1986, c 75, §2.**

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**HAWAIIAN HOMES COMMISSION ACT, 1920**

(Act of July 9, 1921, c 42, 42 Stat 108)

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**Note**

This Act is now part of the State Constitution and is subject to amendment or repeal as prescribed in Article XII of the Constitution.

**Consent of Congress**

Consent of Congress, see Pub. L. 99-557 (October 27, 1986); H. J. Res. 32, 105th Cong. 1st Sess., Pub. L. No. 105-21, 111 Stat. 235 (June 27, 1997), for §§209 and 219.1; and S.J. Res. 23, 102nd Cong. 2nd Sess., Pub. L. No. 102-398, 106 Stat. 1953 (October 6, 1992), for §§202, 203, 204, 208, 209, 213, 214, 215, 220, 221, 222, and 227.

**Law Journals and Reviews**

The Native Hawaiian Trusts Judicial Relief Act: The First Step in an Attempt to Provide Relief. 14 UH L. Rev. 889.

Title 1: Definitions

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Title 1A: Purpose

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201 Definitions

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201.6 Community based governance on Hawaiian home lands

- 202 Department officers, staff, commission, members, compensation
- 203 Certain public lands designated "available lands"
  - Parcel I
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  - Kewalo-Uka, Honolulu, Oahu
- 204 Control by department of "available lands," return to board of land and natural resources, when; other lands, use of
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- 221 Water
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- 226 Qualification for federal programs
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Title 5: Homestead General Leasing Program

501 to 516 Repealed

**Note**

Amendment of Act and funding for Native Hawaiian roll commission. L 2011, c 195, §§3, 4.

Public land trust information system. L 2011, c 54.

**Cross References**

Native Hawaiian recognition, see chapter 10H.

**Attorney General Opinions**

Threatened and endangered plants are protected on Hawaiian home lands under the provisions of chapter 195D, as well as under the provisions of the federal Endangered Species Act of 1973, to the same extent that the plants are protected elsewhere in Hawaii. Anyone who "takes" threatened or endangered plants on Hawaiian home lands is subject to state and federal civil and criminal penalties. Att. Gen. Op. 95-5.

## Law Journals and Reviews

Courts and the Cultural Performance: Native Hawaiians' Uncertain Federal and State Law Rights to Sue. 16 UH L. Rev. 1.

Native Hawaiian Homestead Water Reservation Rights: Providing Good Living Conditions for Native Hawaiian Homesteaders. 25 UH L. Rev. 85.

## Case Notes

Claims under Act arise exclusively under state law; hence, Eleventh Amendment bars federal court from deciding claims against state officials based solely on this Act. 45 F.3d 333.

Appellant who claimed article XII's (of the state constitution) implementation of this Act violated the Fourteenth Amendment because government benefits, leases to public lands, are available only to native Hawaiians, lacked standing. 342 F.3d 934.

Lessee defendants' motion to dismiss granted, where plaintiffs claimed native Hawaiian lessee defendants violated this Act, as well as plaintiffs' rights under 42 U.S.C. §1983 by subleasing Hawaiian home lands to non-native Hawaiians. 824 F. Supp. 1480.

To the extent plaintiffs sought redress for violations of the Hawaii constitution or this Act, the Eleventh Amendment barred the state law claims; thus, state defendants' motion for summary judgment granted on all state law claims against state officials brought in their official capacities; state defendants sued in personal capacities were entitled to qualified immunity. 824 F. Supp. 1480.

Association that included native Hawaiian beneficiaries asserted viable claim under 42 U.S.C. §1983 alleging breach of trust duties by appellees under this Act via Admission Act. 78 H. 192, 891 P.2d 279.

Act is part of Hawai'i constitution and does not constitute federal law; thus, federal preemption principles did not apply to case where there was no relevant federal law at issue and conflict between Act and state statute was matter of state constitutional law. 87 H. 91, 952 P.2d 379.

Chapter 343 does not conflict with this Act, has only

incidental impact on Hawaiian home lands, and is not inconsistent with interests of the beneficiaries; thus, chapter applies to Hawaiian home lands. 87 H. 91, 952 P.2d 379.

For Hawaiian home lands, the department of Hawaiian home lands is the accepting authority for applicant proposals under §343-5 (c); because the governor is not involved, there is no conflict with this Act. 87 H. 91, 952 P.2d 379.

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